

# Material Safety Data Sheet

ITW Consumer - Devcon/Versachem

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## WHITE/ALMOND-BISQUE BATH/TUB EPOXY REPAIR KIT HARDENER

This product appears in the following stock number(s):  
90216

### 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Tradename:** WHITE/ALMOND-BISQUE BATH/TUB EPOXY REPAIR KIT HARDENER

**General use:** The following information applies to the hardener component of the two-part kit and to freshly mixed resin and hardener. After curing, product is not hazardous

**Chemical family:** Polymercaptan/polyamine mixture

#### MANUFACTURER

ITW Consumer - Devcon/Versachem  
2107 West Blue Heron Blvd.  
Riviera Beach, Florida 33404

#### EMERGENCY INFORMATION

Emergency telephone number  
(CHEMTEL): (800) 255-3924  
(CHEMTEL International): (+01) 813-248-0585  
Other Calls: (561) 845-2425

### 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	Abbr.	Weight%	ACGIH; TLV-TWA	OSHA PEL:	Other Limits
AMINOETHYLPIPERAZINE 140-31-8	AEP	<50		n/e	n/e
NONYLPHENOL 25154-52-3	n/e	>30		n/e	n/e
TRADE SECRET (Non-hazardous) MIXTURE	n/e	balance		n/e	n/e

"TLV" means the Threshold Limit Value exposure (eight-hour, time-weighted average, unless otherwise noted) established by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. "STEL" indicates a short-term exposure limit. "PEL" indicates the OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit. "n/e" indicates that no exposure limit has been established. An asterisk (\*) indicates a substance whose identify is a trade secret of our supplier and unknown to us.

### 3. HAZARDOUS IDENTIFICATION

#### Emergency Overview

**Appearance, form, odor:** Amber liquid with fishy odor

**WARNING!** Corrosive. Can cause severe eye, skin and respiratory tract burns. Harmful if swallowed. Potential skin sensitizer.

#### Potential health effects

**Primary Routes of Exposure:** Eye and skin contact, ingestion, inhalation

#### Symptoms of acute overexposure

**Skin:** May cause skin burns. May cause skin sensitization (itching, redness, rashes, hives, burning, swelling).

**Eyes:** Causes severe irritation with possible damage and even blindness

**Inhalation:** Irritation or burns of nose, throat and bronchia (cough, chest pain, difficulty breathing). Overexposure to fumes or vapors may cause delayed lung injury and chemical pneumonia.

**Ingestion:** Harmful if swallowed.. May cause intestinal pain/discomfort, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea. May cause burns of the mouth, throat and stomach.

**Effects of Chronic Exposure:** Overexposure may cause delayed lung injury and chemical pneumonia. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause sensitization, with itching, swelling or rashes on later exposure.

**Medical Conditions Recognized as Being Aggravated by Exposure:**

Preexisting eye, skin and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by overexposure to this product.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Eye Contact:** Flush eyes with clean water for at least 20 minutes while gently holding eyelids open, lifting upper and lower lids. Seek immediate medical care while continuing to flush with water.

**Skin Contact:** Remove product and immediately flush affected area with water for 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Destroy contaminated leather apparel. Cover the affected area with a sterile dressing and seek medical care. Do not apply greases or ointments. Launder contaminated clothes prior to reuse.

**Inhalation:** If inhaled, remove from area to fresh air. Get medical attention if respiratory irritation develops or if breathing becomes difficult.

**Ingestion:** Do not induce vomiting. Slowly dilute with 1-2 glasses of water or milk and seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical attention.

**Notes to Physician:** Application of corticosteroid cream has been effective in treating skin irritation.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**General fire and explosion characteristics:** Class IIIB.

**Recommended Extinguishing Media:** Water, Dry chemical, Carbon dioxide, foam

**Flash point:** 212°F (101°C)

**Method:** PMCC

**Lower Explosive**

**Upper Explosive**

**Limit:** n/d

**Limit:** n/d

**Special Fire-Fighting Procedures:** Do not enter confined space without full bunker gear. Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent all skin and eye contact. Use water spray to cool exposed containers.

**Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazards:**

Personnel in vicinity and downwind should be evacuated.

**Hazardous Products of Combustion:**

Oxides of carbon, Oxides of nitrogen, Nitric acid, Ammonia, Aldehydes

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Spill Control:** Avoid personal contact. Evacuate area. Eliminate ignition sources. Ventilate area.

**Containment:** Dike, contain and absorb with clay, sand or other suitable material

**Cleanup:** For large spills, pump to storage/salvage vessels. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly. Flush area with water. Clean-up waste water should be placed in appropriate containers for proper disposal.

**Special procedures:** Prevent spill from entering drainage/sewer systems, waterways and surface water. Collect run-off water and transfer to drums or tanks for later disposal. Notify local health authorities and other appropriate agencies if such contamination occurs.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling precautions:** Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after using and particularly before eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics or using toilet facilities. Launder contaminated clothing and protective gear before reuse. Discard contaminated leather articles. Handle mixed resin and hardener in accordance with the potential hazard of the curing agent used. Provide appropriate ventilation/respiratory protection against decomposition products (see Section 10) during welding/flame cutting operations and to protect against dust during sanding/grinding of cured product.

**Storage:** Store in a cool, dry area. Store away from heat. Do not store near epoxy resins. Keep containers closed when not in use.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Engineering controls:

#### **Ventilation:**

Use ventilation that is adequate to keep employee exposure to airborne concentrations below exposure limits (or to the lowest feasible levels when limits have not been established). Although good general mechanical ventilation is usually adequate for most industrial applications, local exhaust ventilation is preferred (see ACGIH - Industrial Ventilation). Local exhaust may be required for confined areas (see OSHA CFR29 1910.146).

**Other engineering controls:** Have emergency shower and eye wash available.

### Personal protective equipment

**Eye and face protection:** Full face shield with chemical goggles if liquid contact is likely, or safety glasses with side shields

**Skin protection:** Chemical-resistant gloves (Neoprene, nitrile) and other gear as required to prevent skin contact. Body protection as necessary to prevent skin contact.

**Respiratory protection:** With good ventilation, none required. In poorly ventilated areas use NIOSH-approved organic vapor cartridge respirator for uncured resin, dust/particle respirators during grinding/sanding operations for cured resin, or fresh airline respirator as exposure levels dictate (see OSHA CFR29 1910.134).

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Specific Gravity:** 0.97

**Boiling Point:** >392°F (>200°C)

**Melting point:** n/d

**Vapor Density (Air=1):** >1

**Vapor Pressure:** <1 mmHg @ 21°C

**Evaporation Rate:** n/d

**VOC:** Not determined

**Solubility in water:** Complete

**pH (5% solution or slurry in water):** Alkaline

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

This material is chemically stable. Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Open flame and extreme heat.

**Incompatibilities:** Strong oxidizers, Acids, Sodium/calcium hypochlorite, Peroxides, Reactive metals (e.g. Na, Ca, zinc), Materials reactive with hydroxyl compounds

**Hazardous Products of Combustion:** Oxides of carbon, Oxides of nitrogen, Nitric acid, Ammonia, Aldehydes

**Conditions under which hazardous polymerization may occur:** Heat is generated when resin is mixed with curing agents; Run-away cure reactions may char and decompose the resin, generating unidentified fumes and vapors which may be toxic.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Eye Contact:** Severe eye irritant.

**Subchronic effects:** No data available.

**Carcinogenicity, tertogenicity and mutagenicity:** No data available.

**Other chronic effects:** None known.

### Toxicological information on hazardous chemical constituents of this product:

Component	Oral LD50 (rat)	Dermal LD50 (rabbit)	Inhalation LC50 4hr (rat)
AMINOETHYLPIPERAZINE 140-31-8	2140 uL/kg	880 uL/kg	n/d
NONYLPHENOL 25154-52-3	580 mg/kg	2031 mg/kg	n/d
TRADE SECRET (Non-hazardous) MIXTURE	n/d	n/d	n/d

'n/d' = not determined

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## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity:** No data available.

**Mobility and persistence:** No data available.

**Environmental fate:** No data available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Please see also Section 15, Regulatory Information.

**Recommended Method of Disposal:** If this product becomes a waste, it would be a hazardous waste by RCRA criteria (40CFR 261). Dispose of according to applicable federal, state and local regulations.

**US EPA Waste Number:** D002 as per 40CFR 261.22.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**Proper shipping name:** \*Corrosive liquid, n.o.s.

**Technical name:** N-Aminoethylpiperazine and Nonylphenol

**Hazard class:** 8

**UN/ID Number:** UN 1760

**Packing group:** III

**Emergency Response Guide no:** 154

**Other:** \*Depending upon the size and type of container, this material may be reclassified as "Consumer Commodity, ORM-D" for shipments within the United States, or "Limited Quantity" elsewhere. Refer to the appropriate regulation.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### U.S. Federal Regulations

#### **TSCA:**

All ingredients of this product are listed or are exempt from listing on the TSCA Inventory.

The following RCRA code(s) applies to this material if it becomes waste:  
D002

**Regulatory status of hazardous chemical constituents of this product:**

Component	Extremely Hazardous*	Toxic Chemical**	CERCLA RQ (lbs)	12B EXPORT NOTIFICATION:
AMINOETHYLPIPERAZINE 140-31-8	No	No	0.0	Not required
NONYLPHENOL 25154-52-3	No	No	0.0	Not required
TRADE SECRET (Non-hazardous) MIXTURE	No	No	0.0	Not required

\*Consult the appropriate regulations for emergency planning and release reporting requirements for substances on the SARA Section 301 Extremely Hazardous Substance List.

\*\*Substances for which the "Toxic Chemical" column is marked "Yes" are on the SARA Section 313 list of Toxic Chemicals, for which release reporting may be required. For specific requirements, consult the appropriate regulations.

**For purposes of SARA Section 312 hazardous materials inventory reporting, the following hazard classes apply to this material:** Immediate health hazard, Delayed health hazard

**California regulations:** For purposes of the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Prop 65), this product does not contain any listed chemical at or above the No Significant Risk Limit.

**Canadian Regulations**

**WHMIS Hazard Class:** E CORROSIVE MATERIAL, D2B TOXIC MATERIALS

**Canadian Inventory:** All components of this product are on the Canadian Domestic Substances List .

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

**Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS) rating:**

Health 3\* Flammability 1 Physical Hazard 0

HMIS is a registered trademark of the National Paint and Coatings Assn.

**Revision Date:** November/06/2008

**Revision Number:** 2

The information and recommendations in this document are based on the best information available to us at the time of preparation, but we make no other warranty, express or implied, as to its correctness or completeness, or as to the results of reliance on this document.

# Material Safety Data Sheet

ITW Consumer - Devcon/Versachem

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## WHITE/ALMOND-BISQUE BATH/TUB EPOXY REPAIR KIT RESIN

This product appears in the following stock number(s):  
90216

### 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Tradename:** WHITE/ALMOND-BISQUE BATH/TUB EPOXY REPAIR KIT RESIN

**General use:** This information applies to the resin component of the two-part kit. Handle freshly mixed resin and hardener as recommended for the hardener. After curing, the product is not hazardous

**Chemical family:** Epoxy resin

#### MANUFACTURER

ITW Consumer - Devcon/Versachem  
2107 West Blue Heron Blvd.  
Riviera Beach, Florida 33404

#### EMERGENCY INFORMATION

Emergency telephone number  
(CHEMTEL): (800) 255-3924  
(CHEMTEL International): (+01) 813-248-0585  
Other Calls: (561) 845-2425

### 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	Abbr.	Weight%	ACGIH; TLV-TWA	OSHA PEL:	Other Limits
BISPHENOL A/EPICHLOROHYDRIN BASED EPOXY RESIN 25068-38-6	DGEBPA	>60		n/e	n/e
TRADE SECRET (Non-hazardous) MIXTURE	n/e	balance		n/e	n/e

"TLV" means the Threshold Limit Value exposure (eight-hour, time-weighted average, unless otherwise noted) established by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. "STEL" indicates a short-term exposure limit. "PEL" indicates the OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit. "n/e" indicates that no exposure limit has been established. An asterisk (\*) indicates a substance whose identify is a trade secret of our supplier and unknown to us.

### 3. HAZARDOUS IDENTIFICATION

#### Emergency Overview

**Appearance, form, odor:** Clear viscous liquid with little odor

**WARNING!.** Eye and skin irritant. Potential skin sensitizer.

#### Potential health effects

**Primary Routes of Exposure:** Eye, skin

#### Symptoms of acute overexposure

**Skin:** Moderate skin irritant . Contact at elevated temperatures can cause thermal burns which may result in permanent damage. May cause skin sensitization (itching, redness, rashes, hives, burning, swelling).

**Eyes:** Moderate eye irritant (stinging, burning sensation, tearing, redness, swelling) Contact at elevated temperatures can cause thermal burns which may result in permanent damage or blindness

**Inhalation:** The low vapor pressure of the resin makes inhalation unlikely in normal use. In applications where vapors (caused by high temperature) or mists (caused by mixing) are created, breathing may cause a mild burning sensation in the nose, throat and lungs.

**Ingestion:** Acute oral toxicity is low. May cause gastric distress (nausea, vomiting, diarrhea).

**Effects of Chronic Exposure:** Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause sensitization, with itching, swelling or rashes on later exposure.

**Medical Conditions Recognized as Being Aggravated by Exposure:**

Preexisting eye, skin and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by overexposure to this product.

**Other:**

See Section 11

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Eye Contact:** Flush eyes with clean water for at least 20 minutes while gently holding eyelids open, lifting upper and lower lids.

**Skin Contact:** Immediately remove contaminated clothing and excess contaminant. Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Consult a physician if irritation develops.

**Inhalation:** If inhaled, remove from area to fresh air. Get medical attention if respiratory irritation develops or if breathing becomes difficult

**Ingestion:** Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel Rinse mouth with water several times Never give fluids or induce vomiting if the victim is unconscious or having convulsions If spontaneous vomiting occurs, hold the victim's head lower than hips to prevent aspiration Get immediate medical attention

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Recommended Extinguishing Media:** Carbon dioxide, Dry chemical, foam

**Flash point:** >400°F (204.4°C)

**Method:** PMCC

**Lower Explosive**

**Limit:** n/d

**Upper Explosive**

**Limit:** n/d

**Special Fire-Fighting Procedures:** Material will not burn unless preheated. Do not enter confined space without full bunker gear. Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use water spray to cool exposed containers.

**Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazards:**

Heating above 300°F in the presence of air may cause slow oxidation decomposition and above 500°F may cause polymerization. Personnel in vicinity and downwind should be evacuated.

**Hazardous Products of Combustion:**

When heated to decomposition it emits fumes of Cl-, carbon monoxide, other fumes and vapors varying in composition and toxicity

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Spill Control:** Avoid personal contact. Eliminate ignition sources. Ventilate area.

**Containment:** Dike, contain and absorb with clay, sand or other suitable material

**Cleanup:** For large spills, pump to storage/salvage vessels. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly. Flush area with water.

**Special procedures:** Prevent spill from entering drainage/sewer systems, waterways and surface water.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling precautions:** Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after using and particularly before eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics or using toilet facilities. Launder contaminated clothing and protective gear before reuse. Discard contaminated leather articles. Handle mixed resin and hardener in accordance with the potential hazard of the curing agent used. Provide appropriate ventilation/respiratory protection against decomposition products (see Section 10) during welding/flame cutting operations and to protect against dust during sanding/grinding of cured product.

**Storage:** Store in a cool, ventilated area away from ignition sources. Keep containers closed when not in use.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Engineering controls:

#### **Ventilation:**

Use ventilation that is adequate to keep employee exposure to airborne concentrations below exposure limits (or to the lowest feasible levels when limits have not been established). Although good general mechanical ventilation is usually adequate for most industrial applications, local exhaust ventilation is preferred (see ACGIH - Industrial Ventilation). Local exhaust may be required for confined areas (see OSHA CFR29 1910.146).

**Other engineering controls:** Have emergency shower and eye wash available.

### Personal protective equipment

**Eye and face protection:** Chemical goggles if liquid contact is likely, or safety glasses with side shields

**Skin protection:** Chemical-resistant gloves (i.e. butyl) and other gear as required to prevent skin contact.

**Respiratory protection:** With good ventilation, none required. In poorly ventilated areas use NIOSH-approved organic vapor cartridge respirator for uncured resin, dust/particle respirators during grinding/sanding operations for cured resin, or fresh airline respirator as exposure levels dictate (see OSHA CFR29 1910.134).

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Specific Gravity:** 1.17

**Boiling Point:** >500°F

**Melting point:** n/d

**Vapor Density (Air=1):** >1

**Vapor Pressure:** 0.03 mmHg @ 171°F

**Evaporation Rate:** <1 (butyl acetate = 1)

**VOC:** None

**Solubility in water:** Negligible

**pH (5% solution or slurry in water):** Neutral

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

This material is chemically stable. Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame.

**Incompatibilities:** Strong Lewis or mineral acids, strong oxidizing agents, strong mineral and organic bases (especially primary and secondary aliphatic amines)

**Hazardous Products of Combustion:** When heated to decomposition it emits fumes of Cl-, carbon monoxide, other fumes and vapors varying in composition and toxicity

**Conditions under which hazardous polymerization may occur:** Heat is generated when resin is mixed with curing agents; Run-away cure reactions may char and decompose the resin, generating unidentified fumes and vapors which may be toxic.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Eye Contact:** DGE BPA: Draize - 2 (rabbit).

**Subchronic effects:** No data available.



**Carcinogenicity, teratogenicity and mutagenicity:** 1) **MUTAGENICITY:** Liquid resins based on diglycidyl ether of Bisphenol A (DGEBA), have proved to be inactive when tested by in-vivo mutagenicity assays. These resins have shown activity in in-vitro microbial mutagenicity screening and have produced chromosomal aberrations in cultured rat liver cells. The significance of these tests to man is unknown. 2) **CARCINOGENICITY:** Recent 2-year bioassays in rats and mice exposed by the dermal route to DGEBA yielded no evidence of carcinogenicity to the skin or any other organs. This study clarifies prior equivocal results from a 2-year mouse skin painting study, which were suggestive, but not conclusive, for weak carcinogenic activity. 3) The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) concluded that DGEBA is not classifiable as a carcinogen (IARC Group 3), that is human and animal evidence of carcinogenicity is inadequate.

**Other chronic effects:** Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause sensitization, with itching, swelling, or rashes on later exposure. Studies have shown bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin to cause allergic contact dermatitis.

**Toxicological information on hazardous chemical constituents of this product:**

Component	Oral LD50 (rat)	Dermal LD50 (rabbit)	Inhalation LC50 4hr (rat)
BISPHENOL A/EPICHLOROXYDRIN BASED EPOXY RESIN 25068-38-6	11400 mg/kg	n/d	n/d
TRADE SECRET (Non-hazardous) MIXTURE	n/d	n/d	n/d

'n/d' = not determined

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**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity:** No data available.

**Mobility and persistence:** No data available.

**Environmental fate:** No data available.

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Please see also Section 15, Regulatory Information.

**Recommended Method of Disposal:** If resin becomes a waste, it would not be a hazardous waste by RCRA criteria (40CFR 261). Dispose of according to applicable federal, state and local regulations. Incineration is the preferred method of disposal.

**US EPA Waste Number:** NH - Not a RCRA Hazardous Waste Material.

**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**Proper shipping name:** Not regulated

**Technical name:** N/A

**Hazard class:** N/A

**UN/ID Number:** N/A

**Packing group:** N/A

**Emergency Response Guide no:** N/A

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**U.S. Federal Regulations**

**TSCA:**

All ingredients of this product are listed or are exempt from listing on the TSCA Inventory.

The following RCRA code(s) applies to this material if it becomes waste:

None

**Regulatory status of hazardous chemical constituents of this product:**

Component	Extremely Hazardous*	Toxic Chemical**	CERCLA RQ (lbs)	12B EXPORT NOTIFICATION:
BISPHENOL A/EPICHLOROHYDRIN BASED EPOXY RESIN 25068-38-6	No	No	0.0	Not required
TRADE SECRET (Non-hazardous) MIXTURE	No	No	0.0	Not required

\*Consult the appropriate regulations for emergency planning and release reporting requirements for substances on the SARA Section 301 Extremely Hazardous Substance List.

\*\*Substances for which the "Toxic Chemical" column is marked "Yes" are on the SARA Section 313 list of Toxic Chemicals, for which release reporting may be required. For specific requirements, consult the appropriate regulations.

**For purposes of SARA Section 312 hazardous materials inventory reporting, the following hazard classes apply to this material:** Immediate health hazard, Delayed health hazard

**California regulations:** For purposes of the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Prop 65), this product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

**Canadian Regulations**

**WHMIS Hazard Class:** D2B TOXIC MATERIALS,

All components of this product are on the Domestic Substances List

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

**Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS) rating:**

Health 2\* Flammability 1 Physical Hazard 1

HMIS is a registered trademark of the National Paint and Coatings Assn.

**Revision Date:** September/15/2008

**Revision Number:** 3

The information and recommendations in this document are based on the best information available to us at the time of preparation, but we make no other warranty, express or implied, as to its correctness or completeness, or as to the results of reliance on this document.