
Section 1 -- PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION PRODUCT NUMBER HMIS CODES

Health Flammability RDMT1006A Reactivity 0

PRODUCT NAME

RED DEVIL* MARK-IT* Paint, Bright Fluorescent Blue

MANUFACTURER'S NAME EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY (216) 566-2917

KRYLON Products Group Cleveland, OH 44115

DATE OF PREPARATION INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (800) 832-2541 27-JUN-07

______ Section 2 -- COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS % by WT CAS No. INGREDIENT UNITS VAPOR PRESSURE 15 74-98-6 Propane ACGIH TLV 2500 ppm OSHA PEL 1000 ppm 760 mm 7 106-97-8 Butane ACGIH TLV 800 ppm OSHA PEL 800 ppm 760 mm 110-54-3 Hexane 6 ACGIH TLV 50 ppm OSHA PEL 50 ppm 127 mm 107-83-5 Isohexane Isomers 3 ACGIH TLV Not Available OSHA PEL Not Available 211 mm 96-14-0 3-Methylpentane 1 ACGIH TLV 500 ppm OSHA PEL Not Available 211 mm 4 64742-89-8 V. M. & P. Naphtha ACGIH TLV 300 ppm OSHA PEL 300 ppm OSHA PEL 400 ppm STEL 12 mm 108-88-3 Toluene 8 ACGIH TLV 20 ppm OSHA PEL 100 ppm (Skin) OSHA PEL 150 ppm (Skin) STEL 22 mm 0.8 100-41-4 Ethylbenzene lbenzene
ACGIH TLV 100 ppm
ACGIH TLV 125 ppm STEL
OSHA PEL 100 ppm
OSHA PEL 125 ppm STEL 7.1 mm 5 1330-20-7 Xylene ACGIH TLV 100 ppm ACGIH TLV 150 ppm STEL OSHA PEL 100 ppm OSHA PEL 150 ppm STEL 5.9 mm

Continued on page 2

RDMT1006A page 2 ______ 14807-96-6 Talc ACGIH TLV 2 mg/m3 as Resp. Dust OSHA PEL 2 mg/m3 as Resp. Dust 2 471-34-1 Calcium Carbonate ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 as Dust OSHA PEL 15 mg/m3 Total Dust OSHA PEL 5 mg/m3 Respirable 5 mg/m3 Respirable Fraction 13463-67-7 Titanium Dioxide 1 ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 as Dust
OSHA PEL 10 mg/m3 Total Dust
OSHA PEL 5 mg/m3 Respirable Fraction _______ Section 3 -- HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION ROUTES OF EXPOSURE INHALATION of vapor or spray mist. EYE or SKIN contact with the product, vapor or spray mist. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE EYES: Irritation. SKIN: Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause irritation. INHALATION: Irritation of the upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death. SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE None generally recognized. CANCER INFORMATION For complete discussion of toxicology data refer to Section 11. ______ Section 4 -- FIRST AID MEASURES EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use. SKIN: INHALATION: If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm and quiet. INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting.

Get medical attention immediately. ______

Section 5 -- FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

LEL UEL 0.9 9.5 FLASH POINT

Propellant < 0 F EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Alcohol Foam

RDMI1006A page 3

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode (due to the build-up of pressure) when exposed to extreme heat.

Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions.

During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used.

Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

Section 6 -- ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area.

Remove with inert absorbent.

Section 7 -- HANDLING AND STORAGE

STORAGE CATEGORY

Not Available

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite explosively.

During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke - Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters - Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of ignition.

Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures.

Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate, or expose to temperature above 120F. Heat from sunlight, radiators, stoves, hot water, and other heat sources could cause container to burst. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

RDMI1006A page 4 ______

Section 8 -- EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist.

Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 (total dust), 3 mg/m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg/m3 (total dust), 5 mg/m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or

brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD (in US) or contact your local health authority. VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive. PROTECTIVE GLOVES

None required for normal application of aerosol products where minimal skin contact is expected. For long or repeated contact, wear chemical resistant gloves. EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields. OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

Section 9 -- PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

```
6.67 lb/gal 799 g/l
0.80
<0 - 325 F <-18 - 162 C
Not Available
93 %
PRODUCT WEIGHT
SPECIFIC GRAVITY
BOILING POINT
MELTING POINT
VOLATILE VOLUME
EVAPORATION RATE
                           Faster than ether
Heavier than air
VAPOR DENSITY
SOLUBILITY IN WATER
                              N.A.
                               7.0
Нq
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical - As Packaged)
   Volatile Weight 52.28% Less Water and Federally Exempt Solvents
```

RDMI1006A page 5

Section 10 -- STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY -- Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID

None known.
INCOMPATIBILITY

None known.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION

Will not occur

Section 11 -- TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

Ethylbenzene is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in laboratory animals. Lifetime inhalation exposure of rats and mice to high ethylbenzene concentrations resulted in increases in certain types of cancer, including kidney tumors in rats and lung and liver tumors in mice. These effects were not observed in animals exposed to lower concentrations. There is no evidence that ethylbenzene causes cancer in humans.

Prolonged and repeated exposure to Hexane may cause damage to nerve tissue of the arms and legs (peripheral neuropathy), resulting in muscular weakness and loss of sensation. This effect may be increased by the

presence of Methyl Ethyl Ketone.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver, urinary, cardiovascular and reproductive systems.

Rats exposed to titanium dioxide dust at 250 mg./m3 developed lung cancer, however, such exposure levels are not attainable in the workplace.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

TOXICOLOGY DATA

RDMI1006A	page 6

CAS No.	Ingredient Name	======	=====	=======================================
74-98-6	Propane LC50 LD50	RAT RAT	4HR	Not Available Not Available
106-97-8	Butane LC50 LD50	RAT RAT	4HR	Not Available Not Available
110-54-3	Hexane LC50 LD50	RAT RAT	4HR	Not Available
107-83-5	Isohexane Isomers LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
96-14-0	LD50 3-Methylpentane LC50	RAT RAT	4HR	Not Available Not Available
64742-89-8	LD50 V. M. & P. Naphtha	RAT		Not Available
108-88-3	LC50 LD50 Toluene	RAT RAT	4HR	Not Available Not Available
100-41-4	LC50 LD50 Ethylbenzene	RAT RAT	4HR	4000 ppm 5000 mg/kg
	LC50 LD50	RAT RAT	4HR	Not Available 3500 mg/kg
1330-20-7	Xylene LC50 LD50	RAT RAT	4HR	5000 ppm 4300 mg/kg
14807-96-6	Talc LC50 LD50	RAT RAT	4HR	Not Available Not Available
471-34-1	Calcium Carbonate LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
13463-67-7	LD50 Titanium Dioxide LC50	RAT RAT	4HR	Not Available Not Available
=======================================	LD50	RAT		Not Available Not Available

Section 12 -- ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available.

______ Section 13 -- DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.

Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Do not incinerate. Depressurize container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution. RDMI1006A page 7

Section 14 -- TRANSPORT INFORMATION

US Ground (DOT)

May be classed as Consumer Commodity, ORM-D

UN1950, AEROSOLS, 2.1, LIMITED QUANTITY, (ERG#126)

Canada (TDG)

May be classed as Consumer Commodity, ORM-D UN1950, AEROSOLS, CLASS 2.1, LIMITED QUANTITY, (ERG#126)

OMI

May be shipped as Limited Quantity UN1950, AEROSOLS, CLASS 2, LIMITED QUANTITY, Ems F-D, S-U

Section 15 -- REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

CAS No.	CHEMICAL/COMPOUND	% by	WT % Element
110-54-3 108-88-3		б 8	
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	0.8	
1330-20-7	Xylene	5	

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

Section 16 -- OTHER INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.