MSDS# 11890 Version 1.0 Effective Date 10/08/2010

Material Safety Data Sheet

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

1. MATERIAL AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Material Name : Rain-X Original Glass Treatment

Uses : Glass cleaner

Manufacturer/Supplier : ITW Global Brands

6925 Portwest Dr., Suite 100 Houston, TX. 77024-8042

USA

MSDS Request : 1-855-888-1988

Emergency Telephone Number

Spill Information : (CHEMTREC) 1-800-424-9300, Local: 1-703-527-3887

Health Information : (RMPDC) 1-877-504-9352

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Identity	CAS No.	Concentration
Ethanol	64-17-5	30.00 - 60.00 %
Acetone	67-64-1	10.00 - 30.00 %
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	10.00 - 30.00 %

A mixture of water, alcohols and additives.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

_		_		_
Em	~ r ~ r	. A. I. A	11/0 F1/	i^\\.
	eraer	ICV U	verv	ıew

Appearance and Odour : Clear colourless. Liquid. Alcohol-like.

Health Hazards : Irritating to eyes. Safety Hazards : Flammable.

Environmental Hazards : Not classified as dangerous for the environment.

Health Hazards

Inhalation : Vapours expected to be slightly irritating.

Skin Contact : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. No

specific hazards under normal use conditions.

Eye Contact : Irritating to eyes.

Ingestion : Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.Ingestion may

cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Other Information : Possibility of organ or organ system damage from prolonged

exposure; see Chapter 11 for details. Target organ(s):

Liver.

Signs and Symptoms : Defatting dermatitis signs and symptoms may include a burning

sensation and/or a dried/cracked appearance. Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision. Ingestion may cause inebriation.

Print Date 02/03/2011 MSDS US

MSDS# 11890 Version 1.0 Effective Date 10/08/2010 According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR

1910.1200

Material Safety Data Sheet

If material enters lungs, signs and symptoms may include coughing, choking, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, chest congestion, shortness of breath, and/or fever. The onset of respiratory symptoms may be delayed for several hours after exposure. High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression resulting in headaches, dizziness and nausea; continued exposure may result in unconsciousness and/or death. Liver damage may be indicated by loss of appetite, jaundice (yellowish skin and eye colour), fatique,

the upper right abdomen.

Aggravated Medical Condition

Pre-existing medical conditions of the following organ(s) or organ system(s) may be aggravated by exposure to this

bleeding or easy bruising and sometimes pain and swelling in

material: Eyes. Skin.

Environmental Hazards Additional Information

: No specific hazards under normal use conditions.

Under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency, this product meets the definition of a hazardous chemical when evaluated according to the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910,1200.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Information

Inhalation **Skin Contact Eye Contact**

Keep victim calm. Obtain medical treatment immediately. No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use.

No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use.

Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least

30 minutes while holding eyelids open. Transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities Ingestion

are swallowed, however, get medical advice.

Advice to Physician Treat symptomatically. Persons on disulfiram (Antabuse®)

therapy should be aware that the ethyl alcohol in this product is

hazardous to them just as is alcohol from any source.

Disulfiram reactions (vomiting, headache and even collapse) may follow ingestion of small amounts of alcohol and have also

been described from skin contact.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

Flash point -2.78 °C / 27.00 °F (Setaflash Closed Cup)

Upper / lower Flammability or

: Data not available

Explosion limits

Specific Hazards : Flammable vapours may be present even at temperatures

below the flash point.

Suitable Extinguishing

Media

Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable Extinguishing

Media

Do not use water in a jet.

Print Date 02/03/2011 MSDS US

MSDS# 11890 Version 1.0 Effective Date 10/08/2010

Material Safety Data Sheet

Effective Date 10/08/2010 According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Protective measures : Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding

area. No specific measures.

Clean Up Methods : Not applicable.

Additional Advice : Observe the relevant local and international regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling : Use only in well-ventilated areas. **Storage** : No special storage requirements.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Limits

Material	Source	Туре	ppm	mg/m3	Notation
Ethanol	ACGIH	STEL	1,000 ppm		
Ethanol	OSHA Z1	PEL	1,000 ppm	1,900 mg/m3	
Ethanol	OSHA Z1A	TWA	1,000 ppm	1,900 mg/m3	
Acetone	ACGIH	TWA	500 ppm		
Acetone	ACGIH	STEL	750 ppm		
Acetone	OSHA Z1	PEL	1,000 ppm	2,400 mg/m3	
Acetone	OSHA Z1A	TWA	750 ppm	1,800 mg/m3	
Acetone	OSHA Z1A	STEL	1,000 ppm	2,400 mg/m3	
Isopropyl alcohol	OSHA Z1	PEL	400 ppm	980 mg/m3	
Isopropyl alcohol	OSHA Z1A	TWA	400 ppm	980 mg/m3	
Isopropyl alcohol	OSHA Z1A	STEL	500 ppm	1,225 mg/m3	
Isopropyl alcohol	ACGIH	TWA	200 ppm		
Isopropyl alcohol	ACGIH	STEL	400 ppm		

Additional Information : Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations below

the exposure guidelines/limits.

Shell has adopted as Interim Standards the OSHA Z1A values

that were established in 1989 and later rescinded.

Exposure Controls: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations below

the exposure guidelines/limits.

Personal Protective

Equipment

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet

recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Respiratory Protection

Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

Hand Protection : Not normally required.

Eye Protection : Chemical splash goggl

: Chemical splash goggles (chemical monogoggles).

Print Date 02/03/2011 MSDS_US

MSDS# 11890 Version 1.0 Effective Date 10/08/2010

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Material Safety Data Sheet

Protective Clothing : Skin protection not ordinarily required beyond standard issue

work clothes.

Environmental Exposure

Controls

: Use only in well-ventilated areas.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

: Clear colourless. Liquid. Appearance

Odour : Alcohol-like. : 1.0 - 2.5 рΗ Initial Boiling Point and : Not applicable

Boiling Range

Melting / freezing point : Not applicable Not applicable Pour point

-2.78 °C / 27.00 °F (Setaflash Closed Cup) Flash point

: Data not available

Upper / lower Flammability

or Explosion limits

Vapour pressure : Not applicable Specific gravity 0.810 - 0.812

0.806 - 0.808 g/cm3 (ASTM D-4052) Density

Water solubility Not applicable n-octanol/water partition : Not applicable

coefficient (log Pow)

Kinematic viscosity : Not applicable. Vapour density (air=1) : Data not available

Volatile organic carbon : 72.5 % vol

content

Evaporation rate (nBuAc=1) : Data not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Stable under normal conditions of use.

Conditions to Avoid Open flame. **Materials to Avoid** Not applicable.

Products

Hazardous Decomposition: None expected under normal use conditions.

Hazardous Polymerisation · No Sensitivity to Mechanical : No

Impact

Sensitivity to Static : Data not available

Discharge

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for Assessment Information given is based on data from components.

Acute Oral Toxicity May be harmful if swallowed, LD50 $> 2000 - \le 5000 \text{ mg/kg}$.

Ingestion may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

May be harmful in contact with skin. LD50 > 2000 - <= 5000 **Acute Dermal Toxicity**

mg/kg, Rabbit

Acute Inhalation Toxicity May be harmful if inhaled.

Skin Irritation May cause moderate skin irritation (but insufficient to classify).

Print Date 02/03/2011 MSDS_US

MSDS# 11890 Version 1.0

Effective Date 10/08/2010

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR

1910.1200

Material Safety Data Sheet

Prolonged/repeated contact may cause defatting of the skin

which can lead to dermatitis.

Eye Irritation : Irritating to eyes.

Respiratory Irritation : Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the

respiratory system.

Sensitisation : Not a skin sensitiser.

Repeated Dose Toxicity : Liver: can cause liver damage.

Mutagenicity : Not expected to be mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity : Not carcinogenic in animal studies.

Material	:	Carcinogenicity Classification
Ethanol	:	ACGIH Group A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
Acetone	:	ACGIH Group A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
Isopropyl alcohol	1:	IARC 3: Classification not possible from current data.

Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity

Causes foetotoxicity in animals at doses which are maternally toxic. Ethanol, a component of this material, may cause birth

defects and/or miscarriages.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.

Acute Toxicity : Expected to be practically non toxic:

Mobility: Disperses in water.Persistence/degradability: Data not availableBioaccumulation: Data not available

Other Adverse Effects : Not expected to have ozone depletion potential, photochemical

ozone creation potential or global warming potential.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Material Disposal : Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the

waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with

applicable regulations.

Container Disposal : Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably

to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

Local Legislation : Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

national, and local laws and regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

US Department of Transportation Classification (49CFR)

Class / Division Consumer Commodity, ORM-D

Print Date 02/03/2011 MSDS US

MSDS# 11890 Version 1.0 Effective Date 10/08/2010

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Material Safety Data Sheet

IMDG

Identification number UN 1987

Proper shipping name ALCOHOLS, N.O.S.

Technical name (Ethyl alcohol, Isopropyl alcohol)

Class / Division 3
Packing group II
Marine pollutant: No

IATA (Country variations may apply)

Identification number ID 8000

Proper shipping name Consumer Commodity

Class / Division

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Federal Regulatory Status

Notification Status

EINECS All components listed or

polymer exempt.

TSCA Not all components

listed.

DSL Not all components

listed.

Comprehensive Environmental Release, Compensation & Liability Act (CERCLA)

Rain-X Original Glass Treatment () Reportable quantity: 174 lbs

Ethanol (64-17-5) Reportable quantity: 100 lbs

Acetone (67-64-1) Reportable quantity: 5000 lbs

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0) Reportable quantity: 100 lbs

SARA Hazard Categories (311/312)

Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard. Fire Hazard.

SARA Toxic Release Inventory (TRI) (313)

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0) 15.00%

Print Date 02/03/2011 MSDS_US

MSDS# 11890 Version 1.0 Effective Date 10/08/2010 According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR

1910.1200

Material Safety Data Sheet

State Regulatory Status

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act (Proposition 65)

This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. Known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

New Jersey Right-To-Know Chemical List

Ethanol (64-17-5) Listed.
Acetone (67-64-1) Listed.
Listed.
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0) Listed.

Listed.

Pennsylvania Right-To-Know Chemical List

Ethanol (64-17-5) Listed.

Acetone (67-64-1) Environmental hazard.

Listed.

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0) Environmental hazard.

Listed.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

MSDS Version Number : 1.0

MSDS Effective Date : 10/08/2010

MSDS Revisions : A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment

from the previous version.

MSDS Regulation : The content and format of this MSDS is in accordance with the

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

MSDS Distribution : The information in this document should be made available to

all who may handle the product.

Disclaimer : The information contained herein is based on our current

knowledge of the underlying data and is intended to describe the product for the purpose of health, safety and environmental requirements only. No warranty or guarantee is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of these data or the results to

be obtained from the use of the product.

Print Date 02/03/2011 MSDS US

MSDS# 11890 Version 1.0 Effective Date 10/08/2010

Material Safety Data Sheet

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Print Date 02/03/2011 MSDS_US