

Material Safety Data Sheet

91164 Invisible Glass®

Stoner

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1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Stoner Incorporated 1070 Robert Fulton Hwy. Quarryville, PA 17566 1-800-227-5538	Product Name: Invisible Glass® Product Code: 91164 Version Date: 12/04/07 24-hour emergency phone: 1-800-424-9300 [CHEMTREC]
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2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<u>COMPONENT</u>	<u>CAS #</u>	<u>ACGIH TLV</u>	<u>Exposure Limits</u> <u>OSHA PEL</u>	<u>OTHER</u>
Hydrocarbon blend	Mixture	500 ppm	1000 ppm	500 ppm STEL
Hydrocarbon propellant	68-476-86-8	800 ppm	None established	None established

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

POTENTIAL ACUTE [single or short term] HEALTH EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

- Eye : May cause eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, and redness.
- Skin : Skin contact may cause irritation. Symptoms may include redness, burning, drying and cracking, and other skin damage. Symptoms may include redness, discomfort, drying and cracking, or rash.
- Ingestion : Swallowing small amounts during handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Swallowing large amounts may be harmful. This material can enter the lungs during swallowing or vomiting and cause lung inflammation and/or damage.
- Inhalation : Breathing large amounts may be harmful. Symptoms are more typically seen at air concentrations exceeding the recommended exposure limits. Symptoms of exposure may include: initial Central Nervous System excitation (euphoria, exhilaration, light-headedness) followed by CNS depression (dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, unconsciousness) and other CNS effects, such as confusion, impaired coordination, coma, and death. Breathing of vapors or mist is possible. Harmful if inhaled.

POTENTIAL CHRONIC [long term] HEALTH EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

- General Effects: This material (or a component) has been shown to cause harm to the fetus in laboratory animal studies. Harm to the fetus occurs only at exposure levels that harm the pregnant animal. The relevance of these findings to humans is uncertain. This material (or a component) shortens the time onset or worsens the liver and kidney damage induced by other chemicals. Acute lethal exposures in animal studies of a product component has resulted in congestion of organs including kidney, spleen and lungs. Overexposure to this material (or its components) has been suggested as a cause of the following effects in laboratory animals: mild, reversible kidney effects; mild, reversible liver effects; blood abnormalities;
- Cancer Information: THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS NO COMPONENTS LISTED AS CARCINOGENIC BY IARC, NTP, OR OSHA 1910(Z)
- Mutagenicity: No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% is mutagenic or genotoxic.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY OVEREXPOSURE:

Respiratory disease including asthma and bronchitis

HMIS® III* HAZARDOUS WARNINGS:

Health: 2 Flammability: 2 Physical: 0 Personal Protective Equipment See Section 8

* See www.paint.org/hmis or call the NPCA at 1 (202) 462-6272 for more info on this current rating system.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- Eyes: Immediately flush eyes gently with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids apart. If symptoms persist or there is visual difficulty, seek medical attention.
- Skin Contact: In case of contact, immediately wash contaminated area with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing. Seek medical attention if symptoms persist. Wash clothing before reuse.
- Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Aspiration into the lungs can cause serious damage. Seek medical attention immediately. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into lungs. Contact a physician, medical facility, or poison control center for advice on whether to induce vomiting. Ingestion is an unlikely route of exposure.
- Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Continue your efforts until help arrives or the victim starts to breathe on his own. Do not leave alone. Seek medical attention. Keep the victim warm and quiet.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:

This material is an aspiration hazard. Potential danger from aspiration must be weighed against possible oral toxicity when deciding whether to induce vomiting. Preexisting disorders of the following organs (or organ systems) may be aggravated by exposure to this material: skin; lung (for example, asthma-like conditions); liver; kidney; blood forming system;

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

- Fire and/or Explosion Hazards: Contains a Flammable Liquid: can release vapors that may be ignited at temperatures above or at the flash point. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or be moved by ventilation and ignited by heat, pilot lights, other flames and ignition sources at locations distant from material handling point. Contains an Extremely Flammable Gas: can readily form explosive air/gas mixture at room temperature or at lower temperatures that are above the flash point.
- Fire Fighting Instructions: Fire fighters should wear normal protective equipment and positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Use alcohol foam, water fog, dry chemical, or CO2.
- Aerosol Flame Projection Test: Non-flammable aerosol, as determined by ASTM D3065-94. However, this product contains components which may be ignited under certain circumstances. Do not use near ignition sources such as sparks or open flames.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

