

# Material Safety Data Sheet

24 Hour Assistance:  
1-847-367-7700  
Rust-Oleum Corp.  
www.rustoleum.com

## Section 1 - Chemical Product / Company Information

Product Name: AUTORF SSPR 6PK AUT SANDABLE PRIME GRY Revision Date: 12/15/2008  
 Identification Number: 249415  
 Product Use/Class: Primer/Aerosols  
 Supplier: Rust-Oleum Corporation Manufacturer: Rust-Oleum Corporation  
 11 Hawthorn Parkway 11 Hawthorn Parkway  
 Vernon Hills, IL 60061 Vernon Hills, IL 60061  
 USA USA  
 Preparer: Regulatory Department

## Section 2 - Composition / Information On Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Weight % Less				OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL CEILING
		Than	ACGIH TLV-TWA	ACGIH TLV-STEL			
Liquefied Petroleum Gas	68476-86-8	25.0	1000 ppm	N.E.	1000 ppm	N.E.	
Magnesium Silicate	14807-96-6	20.0	10 mg/m3	N.E.	15 mg/m3	N.E.	
Mineral Spirits	64742-88-7	15.0	100 ppm	N.E.	100 ppm	N.E.	
Acetone	67-64-1	10.0	500 ppm	750 ppm	750 ppm	N.E.	
Xylene	1330-20-7	10.0	100 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm	N.E.	
Toluene	108-88-3	10.0	50 ppm	150 ppm	200 ppm	300 ppm	
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	5.0	150 ppm	200 ppm	150 ppm	N.E.	
Aromatic Petroleum Distillates	64742-94-5	5.0	10 ppm	N.E.	10 ppm	N.E.	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	5.0	100 ppm	125 ppm	100 ppm	N.E.	
Zinc Phosphate	7779-90-0	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	5.0	10 mg/m3	N.E.	10 mg/m3	N.E.	
Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-89-8	5.0	300 ppm	N.E.	300 ppm	N.E.	
Pigment Black 7	1333-86-4	1.0	3.5 mg/m3	N.E.	3.5 mg/m3	N.E.	

## Section 3 - Hazards Identification

\*\*\* Emergency Overview \*\*\*: Contains Aromatic Distillate, which may cause cancer. Contents Under Pressure. Harmful if inhaled. May affect the brain or nervous system causing dizziness, headache or nausea. Harmful if swallowed. Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion.

Effects Of Overexposure - Eye Contact: Causes eye irritation.

Effects Of Overexposure - Skin Contact: Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation. Substance may cause slight skin irritation.

Effects Of Overexposure - Inhalation: High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Harmful if inhaled. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing vapors or mists.

Effects Of Overexposure - Ingestion: Aspiration hazard if swallowed; can enter lungs and cause damage. Substance may be harmful if swallowed.

Effects Of Overexposure - Chronic Hazards: IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B). Contains Titanium Dioxide. Titanium Dioxide is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC. Significant exposure is not anticipated during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of Titanium Dioxide in the formula.

May cause central nervous system disorder (e.g., narcosis involving a loss of coordination, weakness, fatigue, mental confusion, and blurred vision) and/or damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Overexposure to xylene in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung, spleen, eye and blood damage as well as reproductive disorders. Effects in humans, due to chronic overexposure, have included liver, cardiac abnormalities and nervous system damage. Overexposure to toluene in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung and spleen damage. Effects in humans have included liver and cardiac abnormalities.

Contains carbon black. Chronic inflammation, lung fibrosis, and lung tumors have been observed in some rats experimentally exposed for long periods of time to excessive concentrations of carbon black and several insoluble fine dust particles. Tumors have not been observed in other animal species (i.e., mouse and hamster) under similar circumstances and study conditions. Epidemiological studies of North American workers show no evidence of clinically significant adverse health effects due to occupational exposure to carbon black.

Carbon black is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC and is proposed to be listed as A4- "not classified as a human carcinogen" by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. Significant exposure is not anticipated during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of carbon black in the formula.

Primary Route(s) Of Entry: Skin Contact, Skin Absorption, Inhalation, Eye Contact

## Section 4 - First Aid Measures

First Aid - Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention.

First Aid - Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First Aid - Inhalation: If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

First Aid - Ingestion: Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention.

## Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Point: -156 F  
(Setaflash)

LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: 0.7 %  
UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT : 32.5 %

Extinguishing Media: Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam, Water Fog

Unusual Fire And Explosion Hazards: Water spray may be ineffective. FLASH POINT IS LESS THAN 20 °. F. - EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR! Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Perforation of the pressurized container may cause bursting of the can.

Special Firefighting Procedures: Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance.

## Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Steps To Be Taken If Material Is Released Or Spilled: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers.

## Section 7 - Handling And Storage

Handling: Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only in a well-ventilated area. Wash hands before eating.

Storage: Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Do not store above 120 ° F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class I flammable liquids. Contents under pressure. Do not expose to heat or store above 120 ° F.

## Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Respiratory Protection: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Skin Protection: Use impervious gloves to prevent skin contact and absorption of this material through the skin. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

Eye Protection: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Other protective equipment: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further information regarding personal protective equipment and its application.

Hygienic Practices: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking.

## Section 9 - Physical And Chemical Properties

Boiling Range:	-34 - 468 F	Vapor Density:	Heavier than Air
Odor:	Solvent Like	Odor Threshold:	N.E.
Appearance:	Liquid	Evaporation Rate:	Faster than Ether
Solubility in H <sub>2</sub> O:	Slight		
Freeze Point:	N.D.	Specific Gravity:	0.850
Vapor Pressure:	N.D.	PH:	N.A.

Physical State: Liquid

(See section 16 for abbreviation legend)

## Section 10 - Stability And Reactivity

Conditions To Avoid: Avoid temperatures above 120 ° F. Avoid all possible sources of ignition.

Incompatibility: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

Hazardous Decomposition: When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur under normal conditions.

Stability: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

## Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Product LD50: N.D.

Product LC50: N.D.

### Chemical Name

Liquefied Petroleum Gas

Magnesium Silicate

Mineral Spirits

Acetone

Xylene

Toluene

n-Butyl Acetate

Aromatic Petroleum Distillates

Ethylbenzene

Zinc Phosphate

Titanium Dioxide

Aliphatic Hydrocarbon

Pigment Black 7

### LD50

N.E.

N.E.

>8 mg/kg (Oral, Rat)

5800 mg/kg (Rat)

4300 mg/kg (Rat, Oral)

636 mg/kg (Oral, Rat)

13100 mg/kg (Rat, Oral)

4900 mg/kg (Rat, Oral)

3500 mg/kg (Rat, Oral)

N.E.

>7500 mg/kg (Rat, Oral)

>5000 mg/kg (Rat, Oral)

>8000 mg/kg (Rat, Oral)

### LC50

N.E.

TCLo: 11 mg/m3 (Inhalation)

>1400 ppm 4HR (Inhalation, Rat)

50100 mg/m3 (Rat, 8Hr)

5000 ppm (Rat, Inhalation, 4Hr)

49 g/m3 (Inhalation, Rat)

2000 ppm (Rat, Inhalation, 4 Hr)

N.E.

N.E.

N.E.

N.E.

N.E.

N.E.

## Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecological Information: Product is a mixture of listed components.

## Section 13 - Disposal Information

Disposal Information: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not allow to enter storm drains or sewer systems.

## Section 14 - Transportation Information

DOT Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols

DOT Technical Name: N.A.

DOT Hazard Class: 2.1

Packing Group: N.A.

Hazard Subclass: N.A.

Resp. Guide Page: 126

DOT UN/NA Number: UN1950

## Section 15 - Regulatory Information

### CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA "Hazard Categories" promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

IMMEDIATE HEALTH HAZARD, CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARD, FIRE HAZARD, PRESSURIZED GAS HAZARD

### SARA Section 313:

Listed below are the substances (if any) contained in this product that are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

<b><u>Chemical Name</u></b>	<b><u>CAS Number</u></b>
Xylene	1330-20-7
Toluene	108-88-3
Aromatic Petroleum Distillates	64742-94-5
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4
Zinc Phosphate	7779-90-0

### Toxic Substances Control Act:

Listed below are the substances (if any) contained in this product that are subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

### U.S. State Regulations: As follows -

#### New Jersey Right-to-Know:

The following materials are non-hazardous, but are among the top five components in this product.

<b><u>Chemical Name</u></b>	<b><u>CAS Number</u></b>
Alkyd Resin	PROPRIETARY

#### Pennsylvania Right-to-Know:

The following non-hazardous ingredients are present in the product at greater than 3%.

<b><u>Chemical Name</u></b>	<b><u>CAS Number</u></b>
Alkyd Resin	PROPRIETARY

#### California Proposition 65:

WARNING! This product contains a chemical(s) known by the State of California to cause cancer.

WARNING! This product contains a chemical(s) known to the state of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### International Regulations: As follows -

**CANADIAN WHMIS:**

This MSDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product Regulations except for the use of the 16 headings.

**CANADIAN WHMIS CLASS:** AB5 D2A D2B

**Section 16 - Other Information****HMIS Ratings:**

Health: 2\*

Flammability: 4

Reactivity: 0

Personal Protection: X

**REASON FOR REVISION:** Regulatory Update

**Legend:** N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

The information contained on this MSDS has been checked and should be accurate. However, it is the responsibility of the user to comply with all Federal, State, and Local laws and regulations.