

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 1 Identification

1. Identification		
Product identifier	Oatey All Purpose Clear Cement	
Other means of identification		
Product code	1403E	
Synonyms	Part Numbers: 30818(TV), 30821(TV), 30834 32209	(TV), 30847, 30847L, 30848, 31650, 31651, 32208,
Recommended use	Joining PVC, CPVC, or ABS Pipe	
Recommended restrictions	None known.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier	/Distributor information	
Company Name	Oatey Co.	
Address	4700 West 160th St.	
	Cleveland, OH 44135	
Telephone	216-267-7100	
E-mail	info@oatey.com	
Transport Emergency	Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the U	S 1-703-527-3887)
Emergency First Aid	1-877-740-5015	
Contact person	MSDS Coordinator	
2. Hazard(s) identification		
Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		
	$\land \land \land$	
	$\vee$ $\vee$ $\vee$	
Signal word	Danger	
Hazard statement		swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters s eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May
Precautionary statement		
Prevention	Prevention         Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a set drink or smoke when using this product.	

handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response	If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. May form explosive peroxides. Contains a chemical classified by the US EPA as a suspected possible carcinogen.

# Supplemental information

Not applicable.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Mixtures** 

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Furan, Tetrahydro-	109-99-9	30-45
Acetone	67-64-1	10-20
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	10-20
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	8-18
Polyvinyl chloride	9002-86-2	10.98
Ethene, chloro-homopolymer, chlorinated	68648-82-8	3-7
Silica, amorphous, fumed	112945-52-5	1-5

\*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

### 4. First-aid measures

the chemical

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source Specific hazards arising from of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.
6. Accidental release meas	sures
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Methods and materials for	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take
containment and cleaning up	precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water.
	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Occupational exposure limits**

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Components	Туре	Value
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)	STEL	5 ppm
	TWA	1 ppm
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for A	Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.	1000)
Components	Туре	Value Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3
		1000 ppm
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	PEL	200 mg/m3
,		50 ppm
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	PEL	590 mg/m3

# US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре			alue	Form
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	PEL			00 ppm 90 mg/m3	
10-93-3)			2	00 ppm	
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS	PEL			mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
9002-86-2)			1	5 mg/m3	Total dust.
US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 C	FR 1910.1000)				
Components	Туре			alue	
Silica, amorphous, fumed (CAS 112945-52-5)	TWA		0	.8 mg/m3	
(			20	0 mppcf	
US. ACGIH Threshold Lin	nit Values				
Components	Туре		V	alue	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	-		50 ppm	
	TWA			00 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	-	50	0 ppm	
,	TWA		2	0 ppm	
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL		1	00 ppm	
,	TWA		5	0 ppm	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL		3	00 ppm	
,	TWA		2	00 ppm	
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)	TWA		1	mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide	to Chemical Hazards				
Components	Туре		V	alue	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA			90 mg/m3	
				50 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	TWA			00 mg/m3	
				5 ppm	
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	-	73	35 mg/m3	
,				50 ppm	
	TWA			90 mg/m3	
				00 ppm	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	-	8	85 mg/m3	
,				00 ppm	
	TWA			90 mg/m3	
				00 ppm	
Silica, amorphous, fumed (CAS 112945-52-5)	TWA		6	mg/m3	
ogical limit values					
ACGIH Biological Exposu	ire Indices				
Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling T	ime

### **ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	80 mg/l	1,2-Cyclohexan ediol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*
	8 mg/l	Cyclohexanol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	2 mg/l	Tetrahydrofura n	Urine	*
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	2 mg/l	MEK	Urine	*
* - For sampling details, ple	ase see the source	document.		
posure guidelines				
US - California OELs: Ski	n designation			
Cyclohexanone (CAS US - Minnesota Haz Subs			absorbed thro	ugh the skin.
Cyclohexanone (CAS US - Tennessee OELs: Sk		Skin de	signation appli	es.
Cyclohexanone (CAS US ACGIH Threshold Lim			absorbed thro	ugh the skin.
Cyclohexanone (CAS Furan, Tetrahydro- (CA <b>US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide</b>	AS 109-99-9)	Can be	absorbed thro absorbed thro	
Cyclohexanone (CAS	108-94-1)	Can be	absorbed thro	ugh the skin.
opropriate engineering ontrols	changes per ho applicable, use maintain airborr established, ma	ur) should be used. Ve process enclosures, loo ne levels below recomm	ntilation rates s cal exhaust ver lended exposu an acceptable	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air hould be matched to conditions. If ntilation, or other engineering controls to re limits. If exposure limits have not been e level. Eye wash facilities and emergency
dividual protection measure	es, such as persona	al protective equipme	nt	
Eye/face protection	Face shield is re	ecommended. Wear sa	fety glasses wi	th side shields (or goggles).
Skin protection				
Hand protection	Wear appropria	te chemical resistant gl	oves.	
Other	Wear appropria	te chemical resistant cl	othing.	
Respiratory protection	limits (where ap		table level (in o	entrations below recommended exposure countries where exposure limits have not prn.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropria	te thermal protective cl	othing, when ne	ecessary.
eneral hygiene onsiderations	as washing afte		and before eati	rve good personal hygiene measures, such ing, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely was ntaminants.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance Liquid. **Physical state** Form Liquid. Color Clear. Milky. Solvent. Odor Odor threshold Not available. Not available. рΗ Melting point/freezing point Not available. Initial boiling point and boiling 151 °F (66.11 °C) range 14.0 - 23.0 °F (-10.0 - -5.0 °C) Flash point **Evaporation rate** 5.5 - 8

Oatey All Purpose Clear Cement 927038 Version #: 01 Revision date: - Issue date: 05-27-2015

Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	1.8
Flammability limit - upper (%)	11.8
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	145 mm Hg @ 20 C
Vapor density	2.5
Relative density	0.94 +/- 0.02
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Negligible
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Bulk density	7.8 lb/gal
VOC (Weight %)	380 g/l SCAQMD 1168/M316A
10 Stability and reactivity	

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Ammonia. Amines. Isocyanates. Caustics.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

# 11. Toxicological information

# Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.
Information on food all all off	F 4 _

### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects. May cause respiratory irritation.		
Components	Species	Test Results	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)			
Acute			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	20 ml/kg	

Components	Species	Test Results	
Inhalation			
LC50	Rat	50 mg/l, 8 Hours	
Oral	_		
LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)			
Acute			
Dermal		040 //	
LD50	Rabbit	948 mg/kg	
Inhalation		2222 41	
LC50	Rat	8000 ppm, 4 hours	
Oral			
LD50	Rat	1540 mg/kg	
	e based on additional componer	t data not shown.	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.		
Serious eye damage/eye	Causes serious eye irritation.		
irritation			
Respiratory or skin sensitization			
Respiratory sensitization	Not available.		
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to		
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.		
	lifetime study on THF conducted by NTP (1998). Male rats developed renal tumors and female mice developed liver tumors while neither the female rats nor the male mice showed similar results. Because the carcinogenic mechanisms could not be identified clearly in either species for either tumor, the EPA determined that the male rat and female mouse findings are relevant to th assessment of carcinogenic potential in humans. Therefore, the IRIS review concludes that thes data in aggregate indicate that there is "suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential" following exposure to THF by all routes of exposure.		
IARC Monographs Overall	Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
Cyclohexanone (CAS 10 Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9 Silica, amorphous, fumed	8-94-1) 1002-86-2)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 01-1050)	
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9	•	Cancer	
Reproductive toxicity	,	cause reproductive or developmental effects.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure		owsiness and dizziness. Respiratory tract irritation.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.		
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and	enters airways.	
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.		
12. Ecological information	1		
Ecotoxicity	The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environ		
Components	Species	Test Results	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50 Fathead minne	w (Pimephales promelas) >100 mg/l, 96 hours	

Components		Species	Test Results
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-	1)		
Aquatic			
Fish I	_C50	Fathead minnow (Pimep	hales promelas) 481 - 578 mg/l, 96 hours
* Estimates for product may be	based on addi	itional component data not	shown.
Persistence and degradability	No data is ava	ailable on the degradability	of this product.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data availa	able.	
Partition coefficient n-octand	ol / water (log l	Kow)	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		-0.24	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-		0.81	
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-		0.46	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-9	,	0.29	
Mobility in soil	No data availa		
Other adverse effects	No other adve potential, end	erse environmental effects ocrine disruption, global w	(e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation arming potential) are expected from this component.
13. Disposal consideration	S		
Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.		
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in ac	cordance with all applicabl	e regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.		
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).		
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.		
14. Transport information			
DOT			
UN number	UN1133		
UN proper shipping name	Adhesives		
Transport hazard class(es)			
Class	3		
Subsidiary risk	-		
Label(s)	3		
Packing group			
	• Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.		
Special provisions Packaging exceptions	149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8		
Packaging non bulk	150 173		
Packaging bulk	242		
IATA			
UN number	UN1133		
UN proper shipping name	Adhesives		
Transport hazard class(es)			
Class	3		
Subsidiary risk	-		
Packing group	II .		
Environmental hazarda	No		

 ERG Code
 3L

 Special precautions for user
 Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

# IMDG

UN number UN1133 UN proper shipping name ADHESIVES

Environmental hazards

No.

Transport hazard class(es) Class Subsidiary risk	3	
Packing group Environmental hazards Marine pollutant	II No. F-E, S-D	
EmS Special precautions for user Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	-	and emergency procedures before handling.
15. Regulatory information	1	
US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous of Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S	Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication
TSCA Section 12(b) Export N Not regulated.	lotification (40 CFR 707, Subp	t. D)
-	d Substances (29 CFR 1910.10	<b>01-1050)</b> Cancer
Polywing chlonde (CAS 30	502-60-2)	Central nervous system Liver Blood
CERCI A Hazardaya Subatar	and Lint (40 CER 202 4)	Flammability
CERCLA Hazardous Substar Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS	-94-1) 109-99-9)	LISTED LISTED LISTED LISTED
Superfund Amendments and Rea Hazard categories	authorization Act of 1986 (SAI Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No	RA)
SARA 302 Extremely hazard Not listed.	-	
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	No	
SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Not regulated.		
Other federal regulations		
Not regulated.	112 Hazardous Air Pollutants 112(r) Accidental Release Pre	
Not regulated.	()	
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	Not regulated.	
Drug Enforcement Admi Chemical Code Number	nistration (DEA). List 2, Esse	ntial Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and
Acetone (CAS 67-64- Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 67-64-	CAS 78-93-3)	6532 6714
Acetone (CAS 67-64- Methyl ethyl ketone (	1)	empt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c)) 35 %WV
	JAS 78-93-3) Iixtures Code Number	35 %WV

# **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) Silica, amorphous, fumed (CAS 112945-52-5)

### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)

### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) Silica, amorphous, fumed (CAS 112945-52-5)

### **US. Rhode Island RTK**

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

### **US. California Proposition 65**

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No
	mplies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).	

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

# 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

05-27-2015 Issue date **Revision date** Version # 01 **HMIS®** ratings Health: 2 Flammability: 3 **NFPA** ratings

Physical hazard: 0

Disclaimer

The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. Oatey Co. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use.





# 1. Identification

1. Identification				
Product identifier	Oatey Purple Primer- NSF Listed for PVC and	nd CPVC		
Other means of identification				
Product code	1402E			
Synonyms	Part Numbers: 30755(TV), 30756(TV), 30757(	TV), 30758, 30759, 30927		
Recommended use	Joining PVC Pipes			
Recommended restrictions	None known.			
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/	Distributor information			
Company Name	Oatey Co.			
Address	4700 West 160th St.			
	Cleveland, OH 44135			
Telephone	216-267-7100			
E-mail	info@oatey.com			
Transport Emergency	Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the U	S 1-703-527-3887)		
Emergency First Aid	1-877-740-5015			
Contact person	MSDS Coordinator			
2. Hazard(s) identification				
Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2		
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4		
nealth hazarus	Skin corrosion/irritation			
		Category 2		
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation       Category 2A         Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure       Category 3 respiratory tract irritation         Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure       Category 3 respiratory tract irritation			
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Aspiration hazard	Category 3 narcotic effects		
		Category 1		
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.			
Label elements				
Signal word	Danger			
Hazard statement	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.			
Precautionary statement				
Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.			
Response	If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated			

advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated

clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

# Storage

### Disposal Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. May form explosive peroxides. Contains a chemical classified by the US EPA as a suspected possible carcinogen.

### Supplemental information

Not applicable.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Acetone	67-64-1	25-40
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	25-40
Furan, Tetrahydro-	109-99-9	15-30
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	15-30

\*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures	
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.

# 6. Accidental release measures

o. Additional release meas	
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water.
	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Occupational exposure limits**

### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	PEL	200 mg/m3	
,		50 ppm	
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	PEL	590 mg/m3	
,		200 ppm	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	PEL	590 mg/m3	
)		200 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values	3		
Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm	
,	TWA	20 ppm	
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm	

# **US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

Components	Туре	Value	
	TWA	50 ppm	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Che	mical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3	
		250 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	TWA	100 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	735 mg/m3	
,		250 ppm	
	TWA	590 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	885 mg/m3	
		300 ppm	
	TWA	590 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	

### **Biological limit values**

### **ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	80 mg/l	1,2-Cyclohexan ediol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*	
	8 mg/l	Cyclohexanol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*	
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	2 mg/l	Tetrahydrofura n	Urine	*	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	2 mg/l	MEK	Urine	*	

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

### **Exposure guidelines**

US - California OELs: Ski	n designation	
Cyclohexanone (CAS	108-94-1)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
US - Minnesota Haz Subs	: Skin designation applies	
Cyclohexanone (CAS	108-94-1)	Skin designation applies.
US - Tennessee OELs: Sk	in designation	
Cyclohexanone (CAS	108-94-1)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
US ACGIH Threshold Lim	it Values: Skin designation	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)		Can be absorbed through the skin.
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)		Can be absorbed through the skin.
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide	to Chemical Hazards	
Cyclohexanone (CAS	108-94-1)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Appropriate engineering controls	g Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 1 changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls	

### engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Face shield is recommended. Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection		
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.	
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.	
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.	
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.	
General hygiene considerations	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.	

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Appearance		
Physical state	Liquid.	
Form	Translucent liquid.	
Color	Purple	
Odor	Solvent.	
Odor threshold	Not available.	
рН	Not available.	
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	151 °F (66.11 °C)	
Flash point	14.0 - 23.0 °F (-10.05.0 °C)	
Evaporation rate	5.5 - 8	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits		
Flammability limit - lower (%)	1.8	
Flammability limit - upper (%)	11.8	
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.	
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	145 mm Hg @ 20 C	
Vapor density	2.5	
Relative density	0.84 +/- 0.02 @20°C	
Solubility(ies)		
Solubility (water)	Negligible	
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	Not available.	
Viscosity	Not available.	
Other information		
Bulk density	7 lb/gal	
VOC (Weight %)	505 g/I SQACMD Method 24	

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Ammonia. Amines. Isocyanates. Caustics.

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects. May cause respiratory irritation.

Components	nponents Species Test Results		
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	000000		
Acute			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	20 ml/kg	
Inhalation			
LC50	Rat	50 mg/l, 8 Hours	
Oral			
LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)			
Acute			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	948 mg/kg	
Inhalation			
LC50	Rat	8000 ppm, 4 hours	
Oral			
LD50	Rat	1540 mg/kg	
* Estimates for product may b	e based on additional component data	not shown.	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.		
Serious eye damage/eye rritation	Causes serious eye irritation.		
Respiratory or skin sensitizatio	n		
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Not available.		
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.		
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.		
Carcinogenicity	In 2012 USEPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) reviewed a two species inhalation lifetime study on THF conducted by NTP (1998). Male rats developed renal tumors and female mice developed liver tumors while neither the female rats nor the male mice showed similar results. Because the carcinogenic mechanisms could not be identified clearly in either species for either tumor, the EPA determined that the male rat and female mouse findings are relevant to the assessment of carcinogenic potential in humans. Therefore, the IRIS review concludes that these data in aggregate indicate that there is "suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential" following exposure to THF by all routes of exposure.		
IARC Monographs. Overall	Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulate Not listed.	d Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Narcotic effects. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Respiratory tract irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

# 12. Ecological information

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components		Species	Test Results	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-	1)			
Aquatic				
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales	promelas) >100 mg/l, 96 hours	
Cyclohexanone (CAS	108-94-1)			
Aquatic				
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales	promelas) 481 - 578 mg/l, 96 hours	

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* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.				
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.			
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.			
Partition coefficient n-octan	nol / water (log Kow)			
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	-0.24			
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94	-1) 0.81			
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-	-99-9) 0.46			
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-	93-3) 0.29			
Mobility in soil	No data available.			
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.			
13. Disposal considerations				
Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.			
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.			
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste			

disposal company. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some Waste from residues / unused product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: products Disposal instructions). Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. **Contaminated packaging** Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

# 14. Transport information

DOT	
UN number	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Methyl ethyl ketone RQ = 26274 LBS, Acetone RQ = 13130 LBS)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	11

emptied.

Special precautions for user Special provisions Packaging exceptions Packaging non bulk Packaging bulk IATA	<ul> <li>Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.</li> <li>IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28</li> <li>150</li> <li>202</li> <li>242</li> </ul>
UN number	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Methyl ethyl ketone, Acetone)
Transport hazard class(es)	· ····································
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3H
Special precautions for user	<ul> <li>Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.</li> </ul>
IMDG	
UN number	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Methyl ethyl ketone, Acetone)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, S-E
	• Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not available.
15. Regulatory information	1
US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

# TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

# OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

# CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	LISTED
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	LISTED
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	LISTED
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	LISTED

# Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)Hazard categoriesImmediate Hazard - Yes

No

Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

# SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical

# SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations					
•	112 Hazardous Air Pollutants	s (HAPs) List			
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List Not regulated.					
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)					
Not regulated.					
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	Not regulated.				
Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number					
Acetone (CAS 67-64	-1)	6532			
Methyl ethyl ketone (		6714			
		xempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.	.12(c))		
		35 %WV 35 %WV			
DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number					
Acetone (CAS 67-64	-1)	6532			
Methyl ethyl ketone (	(CAS 78-93-3)	6714			
US state regulations					
US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List					
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)					
	Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)				
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS					
US. New Jersey Worker and	Community Right-to-Know A	ct			
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)					
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)					
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)					
US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law					
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)					
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)					
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)					
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) US. Rhode Island RTK					
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)					
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)					
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)					
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS					
US. California Proposition 65					
California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.					
International Inventories					
Country(s) or region	Inventory name		On inventory (yes/no)*		
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DS	SL)	Yes		
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act	(TSCA) Inventory	Yes		
		ents administered by the governing country(s). listed or exempt from listing on the inventory ac	lministered by the governing		
16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision					
Issue date	27-May-2015				
Revision date	-				
Version #	01				

Revision date	-
Version #	01
HMIS® ratings	Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0



Disclaimer

The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. Oatey Co. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use.