SAFETY DATA SHEET

31901/31911

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: MINWAX® Fast-Drying Polyurethane 350 VOC Semi-Gloss
Product code	: 31901/31911
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Not applicable.	
Manufacturer	: MINWAX Company 10 Mountainview Road Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458
Emergency telephone number of the company	: (216) 566-2917
Product Information Telephone Number	: (800) 523-9299
Regulatory Information Telephone Number	: (216) 566-2902
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: (800) 424-9300

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 30.8% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 41.4% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 41. 4%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do
	not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	% by weight CAS number		
Mineral Spirits	29.12	64742-47-8	
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	9.5	98-56-6	
Vegetable Oil	4.5	68956-68-3	
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	3.38	556-67-2	
Amorphous Precipitated Silica	2.75	112926-00-8	
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	1.67	64742-88-7	
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	1.12	541-02-6	
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	0.41	22464-99-9	
Calcium 2-Ethylhexanoate	0.27	136-51-6	
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	0.2	96-29-7	
Cobalt Naphthenate	0.14	61789-51-3	

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary fire	st a	<u>id measures</u>
Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	:	Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/	<u>effec</u>	<u>sts, acute a</u>	nd delayed		
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>				
Eye contact	:	Causes se	rious eye irritation.		
Inhalation	:		central nervous system (May cause respiratory irr		May cause drowsiness or
Skin contact	:	May cause	an allergic skin reaction.		
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Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sy</u>	<u>/mptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
ndication of immediate	medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
media Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental processions		Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	g				
Protective measures	history of s this produc exposure c and unders Do not swa ventilation adequately	ropriate personal protecti kin sensitization problems t is used. Avoid exposure luring pregnancy. Do not stood. Do not get in eyes allow. Use only with adeq is inadequate. Do not ent ventilated. Keep in the o patible material, kept tigh	s should not be emploe - obtain special inst handle until all safety or on skin or clothing uate ventilation. We ser storage areas and riginal container or a	oyed in any process in ructions before use. A y precautions have be g. Do not breathe vap ar appropriate respirat confined spaces unle n approved alternative	n which Avoid en read or or mist. tor when ess e made
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Section 7. Handling and storage

	from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Mineral Spirits	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride Vegetable Oil	None. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Total OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane Amorphous Precipitated Silica	None. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	TWA: 6 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 10 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours.
Calcium 2-Ethylhexanoate Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	None. AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). Skin sensitizer.
Cobalt Naphthenate	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1590 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 525 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1590 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 525 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEV: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). Skir sensitizer. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Cobalt Naphthenate	 CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours. Form: Inorganic CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016). TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours. CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). Skin sensitizer. TWAEV: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 0.06 mg/m³, (measured as Co) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (measured as Co) 8 hours.

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate Cobalt Naphthenate	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Dection 0. Exposure	e controls/personal protection
controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	<u>S</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Section 9 Physical	

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.	
Evaporation rate	: 0.13 (butyl acetate = 1)	
Flash point	: Closed cup: 38°C (100.4°F) [Tagliabue Closed Cup]	
Boiling point	: 138°C (280.4°F)	
Melting point	: Not available.	
рН	Not available.	
Odor threshold	: Not available.	
Odor	: Not available.	
Color	: Not available.	
Physical state	: Liquid.	
<u>Appearance</u>		

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 0.75% Upper: 10.5%
Vapor pressure	: 0.71 kPa (5.3 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Vapor density	: 5 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 0.96
Solubility	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm ² /s (<20.5 cSt)
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.
Aerosol product	
Heat of combustion	: 19.663 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	LD50 Oral	Rat	13 g/kg	-
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	36 g/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	1770 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1540 mg/kg	-
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	LD50 Oral	Rat	>24134 mg/kg	-
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-
Cobalt Naphthenate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3900 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters	-
Cobalt Naphthenate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Amorphous Precipitated Silica	-	3	-
Cobalt Naphthenate	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Mineral Spirits	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Route of exposure	Target organs
Mineral Spirits Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	 	Not determined Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Mineral Spirits	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

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Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms related to the p	physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate ef	fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
•	
Potential chronic health et	
Potential chronic health ef Not available. General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Not available.	 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

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Mutagenicity
Teratogenicity
Developmental effects
Fertility effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- : Suspected of damaging fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates				
Route	ATE value			
Oral	31578 mg/kg			
Dermal	30722.5 mg/kg			

Section 12. Ecological information

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
	Chronic NOEC 1.7 to 15 µg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 4.4 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss -	21 days 93 days
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime		Egg Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	-	13400	high
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	-	7060	high
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	-	2.96	low
Calcium 2-Ethylhexanoate	-	2.96	low
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	-	2.5 to 5.8	low
Cobalt Naphthenate	-	15600	high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods :	of this produ- requirement regional loc via a license the sewer u Waste pack when recycl safe way. C cleaned or n Vapor from inside the c	tion of waste should be av uct, solutions and any by- ts of environmental protect al authority requirements. ed waste disposal contract nless fully compliant with caging should be recycled ling is not feasible. This no Care should be taken whe rinsed out. Empty contain product residues may creat ontainer. Do not cut, welco roughly internally. Avoid of	broducts should at all ti stion and waste dispose Dispose of surplus ar tor. Waste should not the requirements of all Incineration or landfil naterial and its contain n handling emptied cor ers or liners may retain ate a highly flammable or grind used contain	imes comply w al legislation ar nd non-recyclal be disposed o authorities wit Il should only b er must be disp ntainers that ha n some produc e or explosive a ers unless they	ith the ind any ole produce f untreate h jurisdicti e conside cosed of in ave not be t residues itmospher have bee	cts d to ion. ered n a een s. re en
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Section 13. Disposal considerations

with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	III	111	Ш	111	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials.	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 18-2.19 (Class 3).	-		<u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-E, S E
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	128	128	128		
Special precautior Transport in bulk a to Annex II of MAR the IBC Code	mode suitab prior to respor unload substa	ler container sizes. T of transport (sea, air ly for that mode of tra- o shipment, and com nsibility of the person ling dangerous good inces and on all action	he presence of a sh , etc.), does not indi ansport. All packagin pliance with the app offering the product s must be trained of	hipping description f cate that the product ong must be reviewed blicable regulations i t for transport. Peop n all of the risks der	or a particular of is packaged d for suitability s the sole ble loading and
	Proper	shipping name	: Not available.		
	Ship ty	ре	: Not available.		
	Pollutio	on category	: Not available.		

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

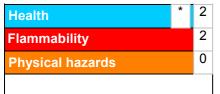
SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

<u>California Prop. 65</u>

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Categor	y 2A Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category	y 2 Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXP irritation) - Category 3	OSURE) (Respiratory tract Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXP Category 3	OSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED I	EXPOSURE) - Category 1 Calculation method
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method
<u>History</u>	
Date of printing : 9/6/2017	
Date of issue/Date of : 9/6/2017	

revision	
Date of previous issue	: 4/20/2017
Version	: 7
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

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Section 16. Other information

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.