# SAFETY DATA SHEET

140.0003459

### Section 1. Identification

: Cabot® Australian Timber Oil Aerosol **Product name** 

Mahogany Flame

: 140.0003459 **Product code** Other means of : Not available.

identification **Product type** : Aerosol.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Paint or paint related material.

**Manufacturer** : Cabot

> 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115

**Emergency telephone** number of the company : (800) 424-9300

**Product Information Telephone Number** 

: 1-800-US-STAIN

**Regulatory Information Telephone Number** 

: (216) 566-2902

**Transportation Emergency** 

: (800) 424-9300

**Telephone Number** 

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1

GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 68.1% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 68.1% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 60.

1%

**GHS label elements** 

**Hazard pictograms** 









Signal word : Danger

Date of issue/Date of revision 1/17 : 3/4/2019 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version: 1 140.0003459 Cabot® Australian Timber Oil Aerosol SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

Mahogany Flame

# Section 2. Hazards identification

### **Hazard statements**

: Extremely flammable aerosol.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause genetic defects.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### **Precautionary statements**

### General

: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

### **Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

### Response

: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

### **Storage**

Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.

### **Disposal**

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

# Supplemental label elements

DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.

# Hazards not otherwise classified

: DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

### **CAS** number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	<b>CAS</b> number
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	≥25 - ≤50	64742-47-8
Propane	≥10 - ≤25	74-98-6
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	≤10	64742-47-8
Butane	≤10	106-97-8
Paraffin Wax	≤3	8002-74-2
[(Trichloromethyl)thio]phthalimide	<1	133-07-3
Xylene, mixed isomers	<1	1330-20-7
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	<1	64742-88-7
Carbendazim	≤0.3	10605-21-7
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	≤0.3	22464-99-9
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	≤0.3	64742-48-9

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/4/2019 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 2/17

140.0003459 Cabot® Australian Timber Oil Aerosol Mahogany Flame

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Stoddard Solvent 8052-41-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower Eye contact

eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open

airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash Skin contact

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth Ingestion

with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical

attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar,

tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and Ingestion

enters airways.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths

3/17 Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/4/2019 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version: 1

140.0003459 Cabot® Australian Timber Oil Aerosol Mahogany Flame

### Section 4. First aid measures

skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

**Notes to physician** 

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Date of issue/Date of revision: 3/4/2019Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 14/17140.0003459Cabot® Australian Timber Oil AerosolSHW-85-NA-GHS-US

Mahogany Flame

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

### For non-emergency personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

### **Precautions for safe handling**

### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Date of issue/Date of revision 5/17 : 3/4/2019 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version: 1 140.0003459

### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon
Dranana	vapor) 8 hours.
Propane	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Oxygen
	Depletion [Asphyxiant].
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
Butane	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
Butane	TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
Paraffin Wax	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
folpet (ISO)	TWA: 2 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Fume ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Skin
loipet (130)	sensitizer.
	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction
Xylene, mixed isomers	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
,	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 400 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Carbendazim	None.
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 10 hours.
	STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	None.
Stoddard Solvent	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 525 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
	CEIL: 1800 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

6/17 Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/4/2019 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version:1 140.0003459

Cabot® Australian Timber Oil Aerosol Mahogany Flame

TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2900 mg/m³ 8 hours.

### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Petroleum refining, hydrotreated light distillate	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.  CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).  Absorbed through skin.  8 hrs OEL: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).  Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.
Normal propane	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).  8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).  TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours.  TWAEV: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).  TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.  CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).  STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.  CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant].
Petroleum refining, hydrotreated light distillate	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.  CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).  Absorbed through skin.  8 hrs OEL: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).  Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.
Butane	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
folpet (ISO)	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). Skin sensitizer.
Xylene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 3/4/2019

Date of previous issue

: No previous validation

Version:1

7/17

8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,

7/2018).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).

TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m3 15 minutes.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018).

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).

TWAEV: 5 mg/m3, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEV: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).

STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours.

### Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon
	vapor) 8 hours.
Propane	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon
	vapor) 8 hours.
Butane	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
folpet (ISO)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Skin
	sensitizer.
	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.
	STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.

Date of issue/Date of revision 8/17 : 3/4/2019 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version:1 140.0003459 SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

Cabot® Australian Timber Oil Aerosol Mahogany Flame

### Appropriate engineering controls

### Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### **Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields.

### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### **Appearance**

**Physical state** : Liquid.

Color Not available. Odor : Not available. : Not available. **Odor threshold** pН : Not available. : Not available. **Melting point/freezing point Boiling point/boiling range** : Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]

**Evaporation rate** : 0.2 (butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. Lower and upper explosive Lower: 1% (flammable) limits Upper: 9.5%

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/4/2019 9/17 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version: 1 140.0003459 Cabot® Australian Timber Oil Aerosol

Mahogany Flame

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapor pressure : 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C]

**Vapor density** : 1.55 [Air = 1]

**Relative density** : 0.75

Solubility : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n- : Not available.

octanol/water

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm²/s (<20.5 cSt)

Molecular weight : Not applicable.

**Aerosol product** 

Type of aerosol : Spray
Heat of combustion : 30.592 kJ/g

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
folpet (ISO)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>22.6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2636 mg/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Carbendazim	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5050 mg/kg	-
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Hydrotreated Heavy	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	8500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
Petroleum Naphtha	'			
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-

**Irritation/Corrosion** 

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/4/2019 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 10/17

140.0003459 Cabot® Australian Timber Oil Aerosol

Mahogany Flame

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Paraffin Wax	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	50 Percent	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	-
Stoddard Solvent	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	100 parts per million	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	3	-

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Propane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Butane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 3/4/2019

Date of previous issue

: No previous validation

Version :1

11/17

140.0003459 Cabot® Australian Timber Oil Aerosol Mahogany Flame

# Section 11. Toxicological information

irri	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
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### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	300	Route of exposure	Target organs
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Propane	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Butane	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Stoddard Solvent	Category 1	Not determined	Not determined

### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Propane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Butane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene, mixed isomers	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Stoddard Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and

enters airways.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Date of issue/Date of revision 12/17 : 3/4/2019 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version:1 140.0003459 SHW-85-NA-GHS-US Cabot® Australian Timber Oil Aerosol

Mahogany Flame

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

: Not available.

effects

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**General** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once

sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low

levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity May cause genetic defects. **Teratogenicity** : May damage the unborn child.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Developmental effects** 

**Fertility effects** : May damage fertility.

**Numerical measures of toxicity** 

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

Not available.

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
folpet (ISO)	Acute EC50 0.1 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	96 hours
	Acute EC50 20 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 8.81 ppb	Fish - Pimephales promelas	32 days
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Carbendazim	Acute EC50 19.0562 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Scenedesmus acutus var. acutus	96 hours
	Acute EC50 >100000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea	48 hours

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/4/2019 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version:1 140.0003459 Cabot® Australian Timber Oil Aerosol

Mahogany Flame

SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

13/17

# Section 12. Ecological information Acute EC50 20 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 7 μg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 33.5 to 36 μg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 3.1 ppb Fresh water Chronic NOEC 3.1 ppb Fresh water Daphnia - Daphnia magna Tensenge Paphnia - Daphnia magna Daphnia - Daphnia magna Daphnia - Daphnia magna Daphnia - Daphnia magna Daphnia - Daphnia magna

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	8.1 to 25.9	low
Carbendazim	-	2.51	low
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	-	2.96	low
Hydrotreated Heavy	-	10 to 2500	high
Petroleum Naphtha			

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Hazarus					

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14/17

140.0003459 Cabot® Australian Timber Oil Aerosol Mahogany Flame

### Section 14. Transport information **Additional** Product classified **Emergency** information as per the schedules F-D, Sfollowing sections of the Transportation of **Dangerous Goods** Regulations: 2. 13-2.17 (Class 2). ERG No. ERG No. ERG No. 126 126 126

Special precautions for user :

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according: Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Proper shipping name : Not available. : Not available. Ship type **Pollution category** : Not available.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

### **SARA 313**

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### International regulations

**International lists** 

: Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.

**Thailand inventory**: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

# Section 16. Other information

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)** 



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/4/2019 15/17 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version: 1 140.0003459 Cabot® Australian Timber Oil Aerosol SHW-85-NA-GHS-US Mahogany Flame

### Section 16. Other information

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1	On basis of test data
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1B	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract	Calculation method
irritation) - Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -	Calculation method
Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method

### **History**

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**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### **Notice to reader**

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 3/4/2019Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 116/17140.0003459Cabot® Australian Timber Oil AerosolSHW-85-NA-GHS-US

Cabot® Australian Timber Oil Aerosol Mahogany Flame

Date of issue/Date of revision: 3/4/2019Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 117/17140.0003459Cabot® Australian Timber Oil Aerosol Mahogany FlameSHW-85-NA-GHS-US