# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

RTG9768

### Section 1. Identification

Product name	: RUST TOUGH® Enamel Gloss Safety Orange
Product code	: RTG9768
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Paint or paint related material.	
Manufacturer	: Krylon Products Group 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115
Emergency telephone number of the company	: US / Canada: (216) 566-2917 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year
Product Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 457-9566 Mexico: Not Available
Regulatory Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (216) 566-2902 Mexico: Not Available
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (216) 566-2917 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

### Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</li> </ul>
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 26.2% (oral), 26.2% (dermal), 36.8% (inhalation)

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms

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## Section 2. Hazards identification

Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs)</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	<ul> <li>DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Adequate ventilation required when sanding or abrading the dried film. If Adequate ventilation cannot be provided wear an approved particulate respirator (NIOSH approved). Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Abrading or sanding of the dry film may release Crystalline Silica which has been shown to cause lung damage and cancer under long term exposure.</li> <li>Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.</li> </ul>
Hazards not otherwise classified	: DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

: 8/5/2022

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture

- : Mixture
- Other means of identification
- - : Not available.

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Calcium Carbonate	≥10 - ≤25	1317-65-3
Kaolin	≥10 - ≤25	1332-58-7
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	≥10 - ≤25	64742-47-8
Methyl Acetate	≥10 - ≤25	79-20-9
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	≤5	64742-47-8
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≤3	108-65-6
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	≤1	22464-99-9
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	<1	64742-95-6
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	<1	96-29-7
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	≤0.3	64742-48-9
trimethylbenzene	≤0.3	25551-13-7
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	≤0.3	136-52-7
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	≤0.3	14808-60-7
Titanium Dioxide	≤0.3	13463-67-7
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	≤0.3	95-63-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of r	necessary first ai	d measures	<u>S</u>				
Eye contact	:	eyelids. Ch	y flush eyes with plenty neck for and remove any Get medical attention.				
Inhalation	:	is suspecte or self-cont respiratory may be dar Get medica place in rec airway. Loo inhalation c	ctim to fresh air and kee ad that fumes are still pre- cained breathing apparat arrest occurs, provide a ngerous to the person pr al attention. If necessary covery position and get r osen tight clothing such of decomposition produc y need to be kept under	esent, the rescuer shoul us. If not breathing, if b rtificial respiration or ox oviding aid to give mou , call a poison center of nedical attention immed as a collar, tie, belt or w ts in a fire, symptoms m	d wear an ap preathing is in ygen by train th-to-mouth r r physician. I liately. Maint /aistband. In nay be delaye	propriate m regular or if ed personn esuscitation f unconscic ain an oper case of	nask f iel. It n. ous, n
Skin contact	:	contaminat Continue to complaints	plenty of soap and wate ed clothing thoroughly w o rinse for at least 10 min or symptoms, avoid furt oughly before reuse.	vith water before removi nutes. Get medical atte	ng it, or wear ntion. In the	gloves. event of an	ıy
Ingestion	:	with water. person is co feels sick a lungs and c be kept low unconsciou	al attention immediately. Remove dentures if an onscious, give small qua is vomiting may be dang cause damage. Do not i y so that vomit does not is person. If unconsciou mediately. Maintain an	y. If material has been antities of water to drink erous. Aspiration haza nduce vomiting. If vom enter the lungs. Never is, place in recovery pos	swallowed ar . Stop if the o rd if swallowe iting occurs, t give anything sition and get	nd the expo exposed pe ed. Can en the head sh by mouth t medical	erson ter nould to an
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### Section 4. First aid measures

tie, belt or waistband.

Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
ndication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.</li> <li>The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the
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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	g	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient	name		C	AS #	Exposure limits			
Calcium Carbonate			1	317-65-3	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Total			st
Kaolin			1	332-58-7	ACGIH TLV (Un TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> fraction NIOSH REL (Un TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> fraction TWA: 10 mg/m OSHA PEL (Uni TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> fraction	8 hours. Form: <b>ited States, 10</b> 10 hours. Forn <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. For <b>ted States, 5/</b> 2	: Respirable 0/2020). n: Respirab rm: Total 2018).	le
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Methyl Acetate 79-20-9 AcGill TLV (United States, 1/202 VA 606 mg/m <sup>2</sup> ), (as total hydroc vapor) 8 hours. TWA : 606 mg/m <sup>2</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>2</sup> (as total hydroc vapor) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>2</sup> (as 22) 15 minut NOSH REL (United States, 1/202 TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>2</sup> (as 22) 15 minut NOSH REL (United States, 1/202 TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>2</sup> (as 22) 15 minut STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>2</sup> (as 27) 15 minut STEL: 25551:13-7 TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. None. STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>2</sup> (as 27) 15 minut STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>2</sup> (as 27) 15 m			TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust
Methyl Acetate       79-20-9       ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/202' TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 230 ppm 16 minutes. STEL: 230 ppm 16 minutes. STEL: 230 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 610 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 610 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 610 mg/m³ 16 hours. TWA: 200 pm 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as 21) 15 minut NIOSH REL (United States, 1/202' TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as 21) 15 minut NIOSH REL (United States, 1/201' TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as 21) 15 minut NIOSH REL (United States, 1/201' TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as 21) 15 minut NIOSH REL (United States, 1/201' TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as 21) 15 minut NIOSH REL (United States, 1/201' TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as 21) 15 minut NIOSH REL (United States, 1/201' TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as 21) 15 minut NIOSH REL (United States, 1/201' TWA: 25 mg/m³, (as 21) 15 minut NIOSH REL (United States, 1/201' TWA: 25 mg/m³, (as 21) 15 minut NIOSH REL (United States, 1/201' TWA: 25 mg/m³, (as 20) 8 hours. TWA: 25 mg/m³, (as 20) 8 hours. TWA: 25 mg/m³, (as 20) 8 hours. TWA: 25 mg/m³, 8 hours. Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-47-8	TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon
Absorbed through skin.2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate108-65-6Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate108-65-6Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate22464-99-9Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons22464-99-9Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons64742-95-6Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime96-29-7Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha64742-48-9Tirmethylbenzene136-52-7Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate136-52-7Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate136-52-7Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate136-52-7Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate136-52-7Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate136-52-7Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate136-52-7Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate136-52-7Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate14808-60-7Cobalt	Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 606 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 757 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 610 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 760 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
Zirconium 2-EthylhexanoateZ2464-99-9TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate22464-99-9ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/202 TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minut NIOSH REL (United States, 10/201 TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minut OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018 TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minut OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018 TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minut OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018 TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minut OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018 TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minut OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018 TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minut OSHA PEL (United States, 1/202 sensitizer. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. None.Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha trimethylbenzene64742-48-9 25551-13-7None.Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate64742-48-9 25551-13-7None.Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate136-52-7ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/202' TWA: 123 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 102 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours. TWA: 10 mg/m³ (%SiO2+2) 8 ho Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m³ (%SiO2+2) 8 ho Respirable Mespirable TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Re dustACGIH TLV (United States, 1/202' TWA: 250 mppof / (%SiO2+2) 8 ho Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Re dust	Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	64742-47-8	TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate22464-99-9ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/202 TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minut NIOSH REL (United States, 10/20) TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 10 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minut OSHA PEL (United States, 1/20) TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons64742-95-6 96-29-7None.Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime96-29-7OARS WEEL (United States, 1/20) sensitizer. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha trimethylbenzene64742-48-9 25551-13-7None.Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate136-52-7ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/202 sensitizer. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 10 zpm 8 hours. TWA: 10 zpm 8 hours.Crystalline Silica, respirable powder14808-60-7OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/20 TWA: 250 mppof / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 250 mppof / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. TWA: 250 mpof / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. TWA: 250 mpg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable TWA: 250 mpg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 1/202 TWA: 2025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 1/202 TWA: 2025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 1/202 TWA: 2025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 1/202 TWA: 2025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 1/202	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	OARS WEEL (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Methyl Ethyl Ketóxime96-29-7OARS WEEL (United States, 1/20) sensitizer. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. None.Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha trimethylbenzene64742-48-9 25551-13-7None.Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate136-52-7ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/202' TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 123 mg/m³ 8 hours.Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate136-52-7ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/202' sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.Crystalline Silica, respirable powder14808-60-7OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/20 TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hor Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hor RespirableOSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA: 50 µg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Re dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/202'' TWA: 50 µg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Re glust	Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	22464-99-9	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 10 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha trimethylbenzene64742-48-9 25551-13-7None.ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/202' TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 123 mg/m³ 8 hours.ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/202' sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hoursCrystalline Silica, respirable powder14808-60-7OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/20 TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 ho Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 ho RespirableCrystalline Silica, respirable powder14808-60-7OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/20 TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+2) 8 ho Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 ho RespirableOSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA: 50 µg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Re dustMCGIH TLV (United States, 1/202' TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Re spirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/202')			OARS WEEL (United States, 1/2021). Skin sensitizer.
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate 136-52-7 ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/202' sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/20 TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 ho Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 ho Respirable OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018 TWA: 50 μg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Re dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/202' TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/202'			None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder 14808-60-7 OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/20 TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 ho Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 ho Respirable OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018 TWA: 50 μg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Redust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2027 TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2027)	Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	136-52-7	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.
	Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	14808-60-7	<ul> <li>OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form Respirable</li> <li>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 50 μg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust</li> <li>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:</li> </ul>
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Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
1,2,4- minethylbenzene	30-00-0	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 123 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m³ 10 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Kaolin	1332-58-7	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).</li> <li>TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).</li> <li>TWAEV: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: respirable fraction</li> <li>TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable</li> </ul>
Petroleum refining, hydrotreated light distillate	64742-47-8	<ul> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>TWA: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as total hydrocarbor vapour) 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>TWA: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.</li> </ul>
Methyl acetate	79-20-9	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 606 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 757 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.</li> </ul>
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Petroleum refining, hydrotreated light distillate	64742-47-8	<ul> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).</li> <li>TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWAEV: 606 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>STEV: 250 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 757 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>6/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>Absorbed through skin. 8 hrs OEL: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.</li> </ul>
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	22464-99-9	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). TWAEV: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEV: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.</li> </ul>
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	96-29-7	OARS WEEL (United States, 1/2021). Skin sensitizer. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	136-52-7	<ul> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.</li> <li>TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co, Total) 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).</li> <li>Skin sensitizer.</li> <li>TWAEV: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 0.06 mg/m³, (measured as Co) 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (measured as Co) 8 hours.</li> </ul>
Quartz	14808-60-7	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).

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		TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust. <b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</b> 8 hrs OEL: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</b> TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter. <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,</b> <b>7/2013).</b> TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	<ul> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).</li> <li>TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust TWA: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust TWA: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).</li> <li>TWAEV: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust.</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> </ul>

#### **Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)**

**Gloss Safety Orange** 

	CAS #	Exposure limits
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-47-8	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	64742-47-8	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	22464-99-9	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 15 minutes.
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	136-52-7	<b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b> TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.

controls			: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.					
Environmental exposure : controls		:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.				me	
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Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection :	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection :	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection :	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection :	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### Appearance

Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 55°C (131°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: -12°C (10.4°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	: 5.3 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Lower: 1% Upper: 16%
Vapor pressure	: 22.8 kPa (171 mm Hg)
Relative vapor density	: 2.6 [Air = 1]

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### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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Relative density	: 1.16	
Solubility	: Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.	
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt)	
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.	
Aerosol product		
Heat of combustion	: 12.348 kJ/g	

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Methyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	8500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
trimethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	8970 mg/kg	-
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.22 g/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Irritation/Corrosion **Product/ingredient name** Result Score **Exposure Observation Species** Methyl Acetate Eyes - Moderate irritant Rabbit 24 hours 100 \_ mg Skin - Mild irritant Rabbit 24 hours 500 \_ mq Skin - Moderate irritant Rabbit 24 hours 20 \_ mg Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons Eyes - Mild irritant Rabbit 24 hours 100 \_ \_ uL Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime Rabbit Eyes - Severe irritant 100 uL Eyes - Mild irritant trimethylbenzene Rabbit 24 hours 500 \_ mg Skin - Moderate irritant Rabbit 24 hours 500 mg Skin - Mild irritant **Titanium Dioxide** Human 72 hours 300 -\_ ug l

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	-	1	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen. Known to be a human carcinogen.
Titanium Dioxide	-	2B	-

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Calcium Carbonate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Methyl Acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Category 1	-	upper respiratory
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Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	Category 3 Category 3	-	tract Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Kaolin	Category 1	inhalation	lungs
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Category 2	-	-
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	Category 2	-	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 2	-	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Category 2	-	blood system
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	Category 2	-	-
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	Category 1	inhalation	-

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effect	<u>ets</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms related to the p	hysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate e	ffects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate	: Not available.
effects	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate	: Not available.
effects	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health	effects
Not available.	
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: May damage fertility.

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Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
Methyl Acetate	Acute LC50 320000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Acute LC50 843000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 5600 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus pectenicrus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7720 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
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### Section 12. Ecological information

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	-	2.96	low
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	10 to 2500	high
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	-	2.5 to 5.8	low
Hydrotreated Heavy	-	10 to 2500	high
Petroleum Naphtha			
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	-	15600	high
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	-	243	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

#### **Other adverse effects**

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
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Packing group	П	II	П	П	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
hazards       Additional information       -       ERG No.       128		Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3). <b>ERG No.</b> 128	- <u>ERG No.</u> 128	-	<u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-E, S E
Special precaution Transport in bulk a	cons mod suita prior resp unloa subs <b>ccording</b> : Not av	ider container sizes. The of transport (sea, air, bly for that mode of tran to shipment, and comp onsibility of the person of ading dangerous goods tances and on all action	e presence of a etc.), does not in nsport. All packa liance with the a offering the produ- must be trained	shipping descript idicate that the pr ging must be revi pplicable regulation uct for transport. I on all of the risks	oduct is packaged ewed for suitability ons is the sole People loading and deriving from the

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### International regulations

International lists	: Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined.
	China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
	Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.
	Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
	Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.
	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.
	Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.
	Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.
	Thailand inventory: Not determined.
	Turkey inventory: Not determined.
	Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

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### Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract	Calculation method
irritation) - Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -	Calculation method
Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1	Calculation method
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method

**History** 

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Date of printing	: 8/5/2022
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8/5/2022
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Version	: 3.03
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

### Section 16. Other information

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buver/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.