SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier MAGNOLIA HOME BY JOANNA GAINES® Enamel Spray Paint - Matte Chalk Style Spray

Paint - Bright Days

Other means of identification

M108347 **Product code**

Recommended use Architectural Coating

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Supplier Masterchem Industries LLC

3135 Old Highway M

Imperial, MO 63052-2834

636-942-2510 **Telephone**

Emergency telephone +1 760 476 3962

+1 866 519 4752

335213 Access code

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable aerosols Category 1

> Gases under pressure Liquefied gas

Health hazards Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2

> Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes Hazard statement

serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open

flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid breathing mist/vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated

area. Wear eye protection/face protection.

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and Response

> easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you

feel unwell.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from

sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | CAS number | % | |
|--|-------------|---------|--|
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 10 - 30 | |
| Propane | 74-98-6 | 10 - 30 | |
| Titanium dioxide | 13463-67-7 | 10 - 30 | |
| n-Butyl acetate | 123-86-4 | 10 - 30 | |
| Isobutane | 75-28-5 | 5 - 10 | |
| Limestone | 1317-65-3 | 3 - 7 | |
| 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 108-65-6 | 1 - 5 | |
| Methyl ethyl ketone | 78-93-3 | 1 - 5 | |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | 64742-48-9 | 1 - 5 | |
| Silica gel, precipitated, crystalline-free | 112926-00-8 | 1 - 5 | |

Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

The manufacturer has claimed the exact percentage as trade secret under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact Eye contact

Ingestion

Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Not likely, due to the form of the product. In the unlikely event of swallowing contact a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in flame. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

General fire hazards

Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist/vapors. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Do not re-use empty containers. Avoid breathing mist/vapors. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

| US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Components | Туре | Value | Form |
|--|-------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | PEL | 2400 mg/m3 | |
| | | 1000 ppm | |
| Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3) | PEL | 5 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |
| | | 15 mg/m3 | Total dust. |
| Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) | PEL | 590 mg/m3 | |
| | | 200 ppm | |
| n-Butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) | PEL | 710 mg/m3 | |
| | | 150 ppm | |
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | PEL | 1800 mg/m3 | |
| | | 1000 ppm | |
| Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) | PEL | 15 mg/m3 Total dust. | |
| US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910. | 1000) | | |
| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
| Silica gel, precipitated, crystalline-free (CAS 112926-00-8) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |

| US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910. Components | Туре | Value | Form |
|--|---------------------------|------------|-------------|
| | | 15 mg/m3 | Total dust. |
| | | 0.8 mg/m3 | |
| | | 20 mppcf | |
| JS. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values | | | |
| Components | Туре | Value | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | STEL | 500 ppm | |
| | TWA | 250 ppm | |
| sobutane (CAS 75-28-5) | STEL | 1000 ppm | |
| Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) | STEL | 300 ppm | |
| | TWA | 200 ppm | |
| n-Butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) | STEL | 150 ppm | |
| | TWA | 50 ppm | |
| Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) | TWA | 10 mg/m3 | |
| US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem | | | _ |
| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | TWA | 590 mg/m3 | |
| | | 250 ppm | |
| sobutane (CAS 75-28-5) | TWA | 1900 mg/m3 | |
| | | 800 ppm | |
| imestone (CAS 1317-65-3) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | Respirable. |
| | | 10 mg/m3 | Total |
| Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) | STEL | 885 mg/m3 | |
| | | 300 ppm | |
| | TWA | 590 mg/m3 | |
| | | 200 ppm | |
| n-Butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) | STEL | 950 mg/m3 | |
| | | 200 ppm | |
| | TWA | 710 mg/m3 | |
| | | 150 ppm | |
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | TWA | 1800 mg/m3 | |
| | | 1000 ppm | |
| Silica gel, precipitated, crystalline-free (CAS 112926-00-8) | TWA | 6 mg/m3 | |
| JS. Workplace Environmental Exp | osure Level (WEEL) Guides | | |
| Components | Type | Value | |
| 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (CAS 108-65-6) | TWA | 50 ppm | |

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

| Components | Value | Determinant | Specimen | Sampling Time |
|-----------------------------------|---------|-------------|----------|---------------|
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | 25 mg/l | Acetone | Urine | * |
| Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) | 2 mg/l | MEK | Urine | * |

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (CAS 108-65-6)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Skin protection

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection If airborne concentrations are above the applicable exposure limits, use NIOSH approved

respiratory protection. Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece. Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not

provide adequate protection.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.
Form Aerosol.

Color Opaque. Yellow.

Odor Slight.

Odor threshold Not available.

oH 7 - 10

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling Not available.

range

Flash point -156 °F (-104.44 °C)

Evaporation rate Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure Not available.

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

Not available.
Not available.
Not available.

Viscosity

Other information

Density7.14 lb/galExplosive propertiesNot explosive.Oxidizing propertiesNot oxidizing.

VOC (MIR, g O3/g VOC) < 0.80

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Heat. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contactCauses mild skin irritation.Eye contactCauses serious eye irritation.

Ingestion May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the

physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation.

Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not expected to be acutely toxic.

Components Species Test Results

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (CAS 108-65-6)

<u>Acute</u>

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 5000 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat > 8532 mg/kg

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 15700 mg/kg, 24 Hours

Inhalation

Vapor

LC50 Rat 76 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 5800 mg/kg

Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

Acute

Inhalation

LC50 Mouse 52 mg/l, 1 Hours

Components Species Test Results

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

<u>Acute</u>

Dermal

LD50 Rat 6400 mg/kg

Inhalation

Vapor

LC50 Rat 34.5 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 2600 mg/kg

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat > 4.96 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

n-Butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

<u>Acute</u>

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 2000 ppm, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 10770 mg/kg

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Acute

Inhalation

Gas

LC50 Rat > 80000 ppm, 15 Minutes

Silica gel, precipitated, crystalline-free (CAS 112926-00-8)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat $> 2200 \text{ mg/m}^3$, 4 hours

Oral

LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

Acute

Oral

LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes mild skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye Causes serious eye irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicityNo data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Inhalation of titanium dioxide dust may cause cancer, however due to the physical form of the

product, inhalation of dust is not likely.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

(CAS 64742-48-9)

Silica gel, precipitated, crystalline-free

(CAS 112926-00-8)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

NTP Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity This

This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard

Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects

Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

 Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)
 2.76

 Propane (CAS 74-98-6)
 2.36

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects

The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation

potential.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions

Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal

instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1950 UN proper shipping name AEROSOLS

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 2.1
Packing group Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant No

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions N82

MAGNOLIA HOME BY JOANNA GAINES® Enamel Spray Paint - Matte Chalk Style Spray Paint - Bright Days 960130 Version #: 01 Revision date: - Issue date: 22-December-2021

Packaging exceptions 306 Packaging non bulk None Packaging bulk None

IATA

UN number UN1950 **UN** proper shipping name Aerosols

Transport hazard class(es)

2.1 Class Subsidiary risk Label(s) 2.1 Packing group **Environmental hazards** No **ERG Code** 10L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number UN1950 **UN** proper shipping name **AEROSOLS**

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk Packing group **Environmental hazards**

Marine pollutant No F-D, S-U **EmS**

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication **US** federal regulations

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not applicable.

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Listed. Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5) Listed. Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) Listed. n-Butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Listed. Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

All components are listed on or exempt from the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory **Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)**

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes

chemical

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids) Classified hazard

Gas under pressure categories

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5) Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Safe Drinking Water Act

Contains component(s) regulated under the Safe Drinking Water Act.

(SDWA)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532 Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 6714

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532 Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 6714

FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

n-Butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Low priority

Low priority

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5) Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3) Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) n-Butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Silica gel, precipitated, crystalline-free (CAS 112926-00-8)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5) Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3) Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) n-Butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Silica gel, precipitated, crystalline-free (CAS 112926-00-8)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5) Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3) Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) n-Butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3) Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) n-Butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Silica gel, precipitated, crystalline-free (CAS 112926-00-8)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 22-December-2021

Revision date -

Version # 01

Further information HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the ACA.

G - Safety Glasses, Gloves, Vapor Respirator

HMIS® ratings Health: 2

Flammability: 4 Physical hazard: 3 Personal protection: G

List of abbreviations

DOT: Department of Transportation (49 CFR 172.101).

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous

Chemicals in Bulk.

IMDG Code: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.

LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50%.

LD50: Lethal Dose, 50%.

MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships.

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit. STEL: Short-Term Exposure Limit. TWA: Time Weighted Average Value.

References

HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank

Disclaimer Masterchem Industries LLC cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its

product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently

available.