

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issue Date 14-Feb-2011 Revision Date 12-Dec-2012 Version 1

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Name Peel Away Deck Brightener and Neutralizer

Other means of identification

SDS # DCI-007

UN/ID No UN3265

Synonyms Deck Brightener & Neutralizer

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Deck restoration.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Address Dumond Chemicals, Inc. 83 General Warren Blvd

Suite 190

Malvern, PA 19355

Emergency telephone number

Company Phone Number 1-609-655-7700

Emergency Telephone INFOTRAC 1-352-323-3500 (International)

1-800-535-5053 (North America)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

Serious eve damage/eye irritation	Catagory 1
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Signal word Danger

Hazard statements

Causes serious eye damage



Appearance Colorless to slightly yellow liquid

Physical state liquid

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not Applicable

Other Information

Not Applicable

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Synonyms

Deck Brightener & Neutralizer.

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%	Trade Secret
Oxalic acid	144-62-7	1-10	*
Citric Acid	77-92-9	1-5	*

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First aid measures

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical

attention immediately. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult.

Eye contact Flush with water for 30 minutes. Get immediate medical attention. Rinse thoroughly with

plenty of water, also under the eyelids. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Ingestion If conscious, give 1 glass of water or milk to dilute. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Wash off immediately

with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Get

medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Mists and vapors cause irritation of the eyes, mucous membranes, and upper respiratory

tract. Contact may cause irritation and redness. May cause gastrointestinal irritation,

nausea, diarrhea, and vomiting.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically. Oxalic acid may be absorbed through the skin causing systemic

poisoning. Oxalic acid causes removal of calcium from the blood, causing damage to kidneys, which can be fatal. Individuals with chronic eye, skin and respiratory disorders may

be at an increased risk from expose to this material.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use extinguishing agent suitable for type of surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Not determined.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

At elevated temperatures, containers may rupture. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Hydrogen chloride. Methyl chloride.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautionsUse personal protective equipment as required.

Environmental precautions See Section 12 for additional ecological information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for cleaning up Small spills may be neutralized with soda ash. Prevent spill from entering sewers and water

courses. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Spills and releases may have to be reported to Federal and/or local

authorities. See section 15.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Protect container

from physical damage. Do not breathe mists or aerosols. Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove Personal Protective Equipment immediately after handling this product. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash thoroughly after handling before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet facilities. Follow all SDS/label precautions

even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from incompatible materials, open

flames, and high temperatures.

Incompatible materials sulfides. Alkali. Alkaline earth metals. chlorites. Hypochlorites. Carbonates. bicarbonates.

acetates. furfuryl alcohol. Strong oxidizing agents. Silver compounds.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

	Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
ĺ	Oxalic acid	STEL: 2 mg/m ³	TWA: 1 mg/m ³	IDLH: 500 mg/m ³
	144-62-7	TWA: 1 mg/m ³	(vacated) TWA: 1 mg/m ³	TWA: 1 mg/m ³
			(vacated) STEL: 2 mg/m ³	STEL: 2 mg/m ³

Citric Acid	=	15 mg / m3 (Total)	-
77-92-9			

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. Use in a

well-ventilated location (eg. local exhaust ventilation, fans). Showers. Eyewash stations.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear approved safety goggles where a splash hazard exists.

Skin and body protection Wear suitable protective clothing. Rubber, butyl rubber, or other impervious gloves are

recommended if needed to avoid skin contact.

Respiratory protection Good general ventilation (equivalent to outdoors) should be adequate under normal

conditions. For spray application or areas were TLV is exceeded, a NIOSH approved dust

mist or supplied air respirator appropriate for the form and concentration of the contaminants should be used. Selection of respiratory protection depends on the

contaminant type, form, and concentration. Select in accordance with OSHA 1910.134 and

good industrial hygiene.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

AppearanceColorless to slightly yellow liquidOdorNot determinedColorColorless to yellowOdor thresholdNot determined

Property Values Remarks • Method

Not determined

pH 1.1
Melting point/freezing point Not av

Melting point/freezing pointNot availableBoiling point/boiling range100 °C / 212 °F

Flash point None

Evaporation rateFlammability (solid, gas)
Similar to water
Not determined

Flammability Limits in Air

Upper flammability limits Not applicable Not applicable Lower flammability limit Vapor pressure Not determined Vapor density Not determined **Specific Gravity** Not determined Water solubility Completely soluble Solubility in other solvents Not determined **Partition coefficient** Not determined **Autoignition temperature** Not determined Not determined **Decomposition temperature** Kinematic viscosity Not determined Not determined Dynamic viscosity **Explosive properties** Not determined

Other Information

Oxidizing properties

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions

Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Keep out of reach of children.

Incompatible materials

sulfides. Alkali. Alkaline earth metals. chlorites. Hypochlorites. Carbonates. bicarbonates. acetates. furfuryl alcohol. Strong oxidizing agents. Silver compounds.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Formic acid. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Hydrogen chloride. Methyl chloride.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Inhalation Avoid breathing vapors or mists.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage.

Skin Contact Avoid contact with skin.

Ingestion Do not taste or swallow.

Component Information

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Water 7732-18-5	> 90 mL/kg (Rat)	-	-
Oxalic acid 144-62-7	7500 mg/kg (Rat)	20000 mg/kg (Rat)	-
Citric Acid 77-92-9	= 3000 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-

Information on physical, chemical and toxicological effects

Symptoms Mists and vapors cause irritation of the eyes, mucous membranes, and upper respiratory

tract. Contact may cause irritation and redness. May cause gastrointestinal irritation,

nausea, diarrhea, and vomiting.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Carcinogenicity This product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens as listed by OSHA,

IARC or NTP.

Chronic toxicity Individuals with chronic eye, skin and respiratory disorders may be at an increased risk

from expose to this material. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause erosion of tooth

enamel and damage to the kidneys.

Numerical resource of toxicity. Declarat

Numerical measures of toxicity- Product

Not determined

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document .

 ATEmix (oral)
 9091 mg/kg

 ATEmix (dermal)
 400000 mg/kg

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Oxalic acid 144-62-7		4000: 24 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static		125 - 150: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50 Static
Citric Acid 77-92-9		1516: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static		120: 72 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50

Persistence and degradability

Not determined.

Bioaccumulation

Not determined.

Mobility

Not determined.

Chemical Name	Partition coefficient
Oxalic acid 144-62-7	0
Citric Acid 77-92-9	-1.72

Other adverse effects Not determined

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastes Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

Contaminated packaging Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status
Oxalic acid	Toxic
144-62-7	

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

UN/ID No UN3265

Proper shipping name Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (oxalic acid)

Hazard Class 8
Packing Group III

IATA

UN/ID No UN3265

Proper shipping name Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (oxalic acid)

Hazard Class 8
Packing Group III

IMDG

UN/ID No UN3265

Proper shipping name Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (oxalic acid)

Hazard Class 8
Packing Group III

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA Listed
DSL Listed

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute health hazardYesChronic Health HazardYesFire hazardNoSudden release of pressure hazardNoReactive HazardNo

US State Regulations

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Oxalic acid	X	X	X
144-62-7			

U.S. EPA Label Information

16. OTHER INFORMATION	

NFPA	Health hazards	Flammability 0	Instability 0	Special Hazards Not determined
HMIS	Health hazards Not determined	Flammability Not determined	Physical hazards Not determined	Personal protection Not determined

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 12-Dec-2012

Revision Note new format Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet