NON-FLAMMABLE GAS
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NUN FLIMMARLE GKS	HEALTH * 2 FLAMMABILITY 1 PHYSICAL 0 PPE x Product and Company Ide	nstability Printed: 03/28/2012 Revision: 03/28/2012 Supercedes Revision: 11/30/2011 ntification
Product Code:	4100.2	
Product Name:	Premium Stripper	
Manufacturer Information		
Company Name:	W. M. Barr	
	2105 Channel Avenue	
	Memphis, TN 38113	
Phone Number:	(901)775-0100	
Emergency Contact:	3E 24 Hour Emergency Contact	(800)451-8346
Information:	W.M. Barr Customer Service	(800)398-3892
Web site address:	www.wmbarr.com	
Preparer Name:	W.M. Barr EHS Dept	(901)775-0100
Synonyms		

ESR72, ESR72L

2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

 Hazardous Components (Chemical Name) 1. Dichloromethane {Methylene chloride; R-30; Freon 30} 	CAS # 75-09-2	Concentration 70.0 -95.0 %	OSHA TWA 25 ppm	ACGIH TWA 50 ppm	Other Limits No data.
 Methanol {Methyl alcohol; Carbinol; Wood alcohol} 	67-56-1	1.0 -5.0 %	200 ppm	200 ppm	No data.
 Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha(nonylphenyl)omegahydr {Nonylphenol Ethoxylate} 	9016-45-9	1.0 -5.0 %	400 ppm	200 ppm	No data.
4. Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	< 4.0 %	5000 ppm	5000 ppm	No data.
Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	CAS #	OSHA STEL	OSHA CEIL	ACGIH STEL	ACGIH CEIL
 Dichloromethane {Methylene chloride; R-30; Freon 30} 	75-09-2	125 ppm (15 min)	No data.	No data.	No data.
 Methanol {Methyl alcohol; Carbinol; Wood alcohol} 	67-56-1	No data.	No data.	250 ppm	No data.
 Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha(nonylphenyl)omegahydr {Nonylphenol Ethoxylate} 	9016-45-9	No data.	No data.	400 ppm	No data.
4. Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	No data.	No data.	30,000 ppm	No data.

Additional Chemical Information

The concentration range values for the liquid ingredients do not reflect the dilution of the propellant in the container. The concentration values are for the liquid concentrate only.

3. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Danger!

Poison. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. Vapor harmful. Skin and Eye Irritant. Contents under pressure.

Potential Health Effects (Acute and Chronic)

INHALATION ACUTE EXPOSURE EFFECTS:

Vapor harmful. May cause dizziness; headache; burns and severe irritation to the respiratory tract; injuries to mucous membranes; watering of the eyes; weakness; drowsiness; nausea; numbness in fingers, arms, and legs; hot flashes; depression of the central nervous system; spotted vision; fatigue; dilation of pupils; increase in carboxyhemoglobin levels, which can cause stress to the cardiovascular system; arm, leg and chest pains; eye irritation; giddiness and intoxication; narcosis; anesthesia; confusion; olfactory changes; vomiting; visual disturbances; sleepiness; cough and dyspnea; cold, clammy extremities; diarrhea; irregular or rapid heartbeat; liver and kidney damage; unconsciousness; coma; and death. Severe overexposure may cause irregular or rapid heartbeat, convulsions, unconsciousness, and death. Intentional misuse of this product by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the vapors can be harmful or fatal. Elevated carboxyhemoglobin levels can be additive to the increase caused by smoking and other carbon monoxide sources. The propellant used in this product is a simple asphyxiant.

SKIN CONTACT ACUTE EXPOSURE EFFECTS:

This product is a skin irritant. Product may be absorbed through the skin. Harmful if absorbed through the skin. May cause itching; irritation; redness; defatting of the skin; drying of the skin; inflammation; discomfort or pain; swelling; dermatitis; and tissue damage. May cause symptoms listed under inhalation and ingestion. May increase the severity of symptoms listed under inhalation.

EYE CONTACT ACUTE EXPOSURE EFFECTS:

This material is an eye irritant. May cause irritation, burns, temporary corneal injury, redness, tearing, blurred vision, conjunctivitis of eyes, and corneal ulcerations of the eye. Vapors may irritate the eyes.

INGESTION ACUTE EXPOSURE EFFECTS:

Harmful if swallowed. May cause nausea; irritation to mouth, throat and stomach; loss of coordination; stupor; drowsiness; vomiting; depression of the central nervous system; narcosis; diarrhea; liver, kidney and heart damage; unconsciousness; and death. May produce symptoms listed under inhalation. Liquid aspirated into lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis and systemic effects.

CHRONIC EXPOSURE EFFECTS:

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with neurological and other physiological damage. Prolonged skin contact may cause irritation, redness, swelling and possible tissue destruction. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause dermatitis. Prolonged skin contact may result in absorption of a harmful amount of this material. May cause headaches; conjunctivitis; skin irritation; pancreatic damage; permanent central nervous system changes; gastric disturbances; giddiness; insomnia; decreased response to visual and auditory stimulation; visual impairment or blindness; hallucinations; changes in blood; blood disorders; kidney damage; eye irritation; brain damage; hallucinations; liver damage, and death. May cause additional symptoms listed under inhalation.

Signs and Symptoms Of Exposure

See Potential Health Effects.

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated By Exposure

Diseases of the blood, skin, eyes, liver, kidneys, lungs, cardiovascular system and respiratory system; alcoholism and rhythm disorders of the heart.

OSHA Regulatory Status:

This material is classified as hazardous under OSHA regulations.

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4. First Aid Measures

Emergency and First Aid Procedures

INHALATION:

If user experiences breathing difficulty, move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT:

Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation from contact persists.

EYE CONTACT:

Immediately flush eyes with water, remove any contact lens, continue flushing with water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

INGESTION:

Call your poison control center, hospital emergency room, or physician immediately for instructions.

Note to Physician

This product contains methylene chloride and methanol.

This product contains methanol which can cause intoxication and central nervous system depression. Methanol is metabolized to formic acid and formaldehyde. These metabolites can cause metabolic acidosis, visual disturbances and blindness. Since metabolism is required for these toxic symptoms, their onset may be delayed from 6 to 30 hours following ingestion. Ethanol competes for the same metabolic pathway and has been used to prevent methanol metabolism. Ethanol administration is indicated in symptomatic patients or at blood methanol concentrations above 20 ug/dl. Methanol is effectively removed by hemodialysis. Adrenalin should never be given to a person overexposed to methylene chloride.

Methylene Chloride is an aspiration hazard. Risk of aspiration must be weighed against possible toxicity of the material when determining whether to induce emesis or to perform gastric lavage. This material sensitizes the heart to the effects of sympathomimetic amines. Epinephrine and other sympathomimetic drugs may initiate cardiac arrhythmias in individuals exposed to this material. This material is metabolized to carbon monoxide. Consequently, elevations in carboxyhemoglobin as high as 50% have been reported, and levels may continue to rise for several hours after exposure has ceased. Data in experimental animals suggest there is a narrow margin between concentrations causing anesthesia and death.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Pt:	No data.	
Explosive Limits:	LEL: No data.	UEL: No data.
Autoignition Pt:	No data available.	

Fire Fighting Instructions

Self-contained respiratory protection should be provided for fire fighters fighting fires in buildings or confined areas. Storage containers exposed to fire should be kept cool with water spray to prevent pressure build-up. Stay away from heads of containers that have been exposed to intense heat or flame.

Flammable Properties and Hazards

Aerosol Flammability Classification according to ASTM D-3065-77 and FHSA 1500.45. CPSC FLAMMABILITY: Non-Flammable Aerosol - Level 1

Propellant: Carbon Dioxide

Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or store above 120 degrees F. Exposure to heat or prolonged exposure to sun may cause bursting. Contact of liquid or vapor with flame or hot surfaces will produce

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toxic gases and a corrosive residue that will cause deterioration of metal.

Flashpoint of liquid only: No flash to boiling ~104 F

Hazardous Combustion Products

Combustion may produce carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Extinguishing Media

Use carbon dioxide, dry powder, or foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

No data available.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled

Keep unnecessary people away; isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind, out of low areas, and ventilate closed spaces before entering. Shut of ignition sources; keep flares, smoking or flames out of hazard area.

Small Spills: take up liquid with sand, earth or other noncombustible absorbent material and place in a plastic container where applicable.

Large Spills: dike far ahead of spill for later disposal.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions To Be Taken in Handling

Read carefully all cautions and directions on product label before use. Since empty container retains residue, follow all label warnings even after container is empty. Dispose of empty container according to all regulations. Do not reuse this container.

Precautions To Be Taken in Storing

Store in a cool place and protect from sunlight. Exposure to high temperatures or prolonged exposure to sun may cause can to leak or swell. Do not store near flames or at elevated temperatures.

Replace overcap on container after each use.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Respiratory Equipment (Specify Type)

For occasional consumer use - Use with adequate ventilation to prevent a build-up of vapors in confined areas. Open windows or position fans to provide cross ventilation. If a mild to strong odor is noticeable, ventilation is not adequate.

For OSHA controlled workplace and other regular users - Use only with adequate ventilation under engineered air control systems designed to prevent exceeding appropriate TLVs. For occasional use, where engineered air control is not feasible, use properly maintained and properly fitted NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus for chlorinated solvent vapors.

A dust mask does not provide protection against vapors.

Eye Protection

Safety glasses, chemical goggles, or face shields are recommended to safeguard against potential eye contact, irritation, or injury.

Protective Gloves

Wear impermeable gloves. Gloves contaminated with product should be discarded.

Other Protective Clothing

Various application methods can dictate use of additional protective safety equipment, such as impermeable aprons, etc., to minimize exposure.

Engineering Controls (Ventilation etc.)

Use only with adequate ventilation to prevent buildup of vapors. Do not use in areas where vapors can accumulate and concentrate, such as basements, bathrooms or small enclosed areas. Whenever possible, use outdoors in an open air area. If using indoors open all windows and doors and maintain a cross ventilation of moving fresh air across the work area. If strong odor is noticed or you experience slight dizziness, headache, nausea or eye-watering -- STOP -- ventilation is inadequate. Leave area immediately and move to fresh air.

Work/Hygienic/Maintenance Practices

A source of clean water should be available in the work area for flushing of the eyes and skin.

Wash hands thoroughly after use. Do not eat, drink, or smoke in the work area.

Before reuse, thoroughly clean any clothing or protective equipment that has been contaminated by prior use.

Discard any clothing or other protective equipment that cannot be decontaminated, such as gloves or shoes.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

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Physical States:	[X]Gas [X]Liquid []Solid
Melting Point:	No data.
Boiling Point:	100 F - 150 F
Autoignition Pt:	No data.
Flash Pt:	No data.
Specific Gravity (Water = 1):	1.26
Density:	10.48 - (of liquid) LB/GL at 75 F
Vapor Pressure (vs. Air or mm Hg):	No data.
Vapor Density (vs. Air = 1):	> 1
Evaporation Rate:	< 1
Solubility in Water:	Slight
Percent Volatile:	96 % by weight.
pH:	Neutral
Appearance and Odor	
Free and Clear, Water White	

10. Stability and Reactivity

Unstable []

Stability:

Conditions To Avoid - Instability

No data available.

Incompatibility - Materials To Avoid

Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents; strong caustics; strong alkalis; oxygen; nitrogen peroxide; chemically active metals such as aluminum and magnesium; sodium; potassium; and nitric acid.

Stable [X]

Hazardous Decomposition Or Byproducts

Thermal decomposition may produce carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide, hydrogen chloride, chlorine gas, and small quantities of phosgene.

Hazardous Polymerization:

Will occur [] Will not occur [X]

Conditions To Avoid - Hazardous Polymerization

No data available.

11. Toxicological Information

	11. Toxicological Information							
	No data available.							
С	hronic Toxicological Effects							
	No data available.							
С	Carcinogenicity/Other Information							
	IARC 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans							
	ACGIH A3 - Confirmed Animal	-						
	zardous Components (Chemical Name)	CAS #	NTP Possible	IARC 2B	ACGIH A3	OSHA Yes		
	Dichloromethane {Methylene chloride; R-30; Freon 30}			20	AS	res		
2.	Methanol {Methyl alcohol; Carbinol; Wood alcohol}	67-56-1	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.		
3.	Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha(nonylphenyl)omegahydr {Nonylphenol Ethoxylate}	9016-45-9	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.		
4.	Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.		
		12. Ecolo	gical Info	ormation				
	No data available.		-					
		13. Dispos	al Consi	derations				
v	/aste Disposal Method							
-	Dispose in accordance with appli-	cable local, stat	e, and federa	al regulations.				
		14. Trans		-				
	AND TRANSPORT (US DOT)		port into	ination				
-	DOT Proper Shipping Name Aerosols, non-flammable							
		Aerosols, non-	namnable					
	Level 1 Aerosol							
	DOT Hazard Class:	2.2						
	DOT Hazard Label:	NONFLAMMA	BI E GAS					
	UN/NA Number:	UN1950	DEL OAO					
		0111950						
А	AIR TRANSPORT (ICAO/IATA) ICAO/IATA Shipping Name Aerosols, Non-Flammable, Containing Substances in Division 6.1, PGIII							
	ICAO/IATA Shipping Name	Aerosois, Nori	-Flammable	, containing Sub		10.1, FGIII		
	UN Number: 1950							
	Hazard Class:	2.2 (6.1) - Non	-Flammable	e Gas, Poison				
N	MARINE TRANSPORT (IMDG/IMO)							
	IMDG/IMO Shipping Name	Aerosols, Non	-Flammable	Gas, Poison, PG	SIII			
	UN Number:	1950						
	Hazard Class:	2.2 (6.1) - Non	-Flammable	e Gas, Poison				
A	dditional Transport Information							
	For D O T information contact W M Barr Technical Services at 1-800-398-3892							

For D.O.T. information, contact W.M. Barr Technical Services at 1-800-398-3892.

The shipper / supplier may apply one of the following exceptions: Combustible Liquid, Consumer Commodity,

Limited Quantity, Viscous Liquid, Does Not Sustain Combustion, or others, as allowed under 49CFR Hazmat Regulations. Please consult 49CFR Subchapter C to ensure that subsequent shipments comply with these exceptions.

15. Regulatory Information

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	ardous Components (Chemical Name)	CAS #	Sec.302 (EHS)	Sec.304 RQ	Sec.313 (TRI)	Sec.110
	Dichloromethane {Methylene chloride; R-30; Freon 30}	75-09-2	No	Yes 1000 LB	Yes	Yes
	Methanol {Methyl alcohol; Carbinol; Wood alcohol}	67-56-1	No	Yes 5000 LB	Yes	No
	Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), alpha(nonylphenyl)omegahydr (Nonylphenol Ethoxylate}	9016-45-9	No	No	No	No
4. (Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	No	No	No	No
US	EPA CAA, CWA, TSCA					
Haza	ardous Components (Chemical Name)	CAS #	EPA CAA	EPA CWA NPDES	EPA TSCA	CA PROP 65
	Dichloromethane {Methylene chloride; R-30; Freon 30}	75-09-2	HAP, ODC ()	Yes	Inventory, 4 Test, 8A CAIR	Yes
	Methanol {Methyl alcohol; Carbinol; Wood alcohol}	67-56-1	HAP, ODC ()	No	Inventory	No
	Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), alpha(nonylphenyl)omegahydr (Nonylphenol Ethoxylate}	9016-45-9	HAP, ODC ()	No	Inventory, 8A PAIR	No
4. (Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	HAP, ODC ()	No	Inventory	No
ED	A Hererd Cotegories					

EPA Hazard Categories:

US EPA SARA Title III

This material meets the EPA 'Hazard Categories' defined for SARA Title III Sections 311/312 as indicated:

[X] Yes [] No Acute (immediate) Health Hazard
[X] Yes [] No Chronic (delayed) Health Hazard
[] Yes [X] No Fire Hazard
[X] Yes [] No Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard
[] Yes [X] No Reactive Hazard

16. Other Information

Company Policy or Disclaimer

The information contained herein is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. This information is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determination of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. Any use of this data and information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.