HEALTH	2	Flammability
FLAMMABILITY	2	
PHYSICAL HAZ.	0	Health
PPE	Х	Special

Printed: 06/07/2010 Revision: 06/04/2010 Supercedes Revision: 11/13/2008

1. Product and Company Identification

Product Code:	GL251		
Product Name:	Odorless Mineral Spirits		
Reference #:	1631.1		
Manufacturer Information			
Company Name:	W. M. Barr		
	2105 Channel Avenue		
	Memphis, TN 38113		
Phone Number:	(901)775-0100		
Emergency Contact:	3E 24 Hour Emergency Contact	(800)451-8346	
Information:	W.M. Barr Customer Service	(800)398-3892	
Web site address:	www.wmbarr.com		
Preparer Name:	W.M. Barr EHS Department	(901)775-0100	
Synonyms			

GKSP94006P, QKSP94005, QKSP94005L, QKSP94205, GKSP94006, GKSP94214

2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)		CAS #	Concentration	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV
1.	Stoddard solvent {Mineral spirits; Aliphatic	8052-41-3	95.0 -100.0 %	500 ppm	100 ppm
	Petroleum Distillates; White spirits}				

3. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Caution! Combustible! Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and all other sources of ignition. Vapors may cause fire. Vapors may travel long distances to other areas and rooms away from work site. Do not smoke. Extinguish all flames and pilot lights, and turn off stoves, heaters, electric motors and all other sources of ignition anywhere in the structure, dwelling or building during use and until all vapors are gone from work site and all areas away from the work site. Keep away from electrical outlets and switches. Beware of static electricity that may be generated by synthetic clothing and other sources.

OSHA Regulatory Status:

This material is classified as hazardous under OSHA regulations.

Potential Health Effects (Acute and Chronic)

Inhalation Acute Exposure Effects:

Vapor concentration may cause headache, dizziness, irritation of the respiratory tract, eye irritation, stupor, depression of the central nervous system, watering of the eyes, weakness, nausea, muscle twitches, and kidney effects. Aspiration into lungs may cause pneumonia or death. Severe overexposure may cause convulsions, unconsciousness, and death.

Skin Contact Acute Exposure Effects: May cause irritation.

Eye Contact Acute Exposure Effects: Liquid contact may cause irritation.

Ingestion Acute Exposure Effects: Harmful or fatal if swallowed. May cause nausea, weakness, muscle twitches, gastrointestinal irritation, diarrhea,

unconsciousness, and death.

Chronic Exposure Effects:

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with neurological and other physiological damage. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause redness, irritation, and scaling of the skin. May cause skin irritation, anemia, bone marrow damage, liver damage, and jaundice.

Signs and Symptoms Of Exposure

Primary routes of exposure:

Inhalation, ingestion, and dermal.

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated By Exposure

None known.

4. First Aid Measures

Emergency and First Aid Procedures

Inhalation:

If user experiences breathing difficulty, move to air free of vapors. Administer oxygen or artificial respiration until medical assistance can be rendered.

Skin contact:

Wash with soap and large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention if irritation from contact persists.

Eye contact:

Immediately flush eyes with water, remove nay contact lens, continue flushing with water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting. Call your poison control center, hospital emergency room, or physician immediately.

Note to Physician

Call your local poison control center for further instructions.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flammability Classification:	NFPA Class II			
Flash Pt:	> 107.00 F	Method Used:	TAG Closed Cup	
Explosive Limits:	LEL: 1.0 UEL: No data.		No data.	

Fire Fighting Instructions

Self-contained respiratory protection should be provided for fire fighters fighting fires in buildings or confined areas. Storage containers exposed to fire should be kept cool with water spray to prevent pressure build-up. Stay away from heads of containers that have been exposed to intense heat or flame.

Flammable Properties and Hazards

No data available.

Extinguishing Media

Use carbon dioxide, dry powder, or foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

No data available.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled

Clean-up:

Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind, out of low areas, and ventilate closed spaces before entering. Shut off ignition sources, keep flares, smoking or flames out of hazard area.

Small spills:

Take up the spilled liquid with sand, earth, or other noncombustible absorbent material and place in a plastic container where applicable.

Large spills:

Dike far ahead of spill for later disposal.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions To Be Taken in Handling

Read carefully all cautions and directions on product label before use. Since empty container retains residue, follow all label warnings even after container is empty. Dispose of empty container according to all regulations. Do not reuse this container.

Precautions To Be Taken in Storing

Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Store in a cool, dry place. Do not store near flames or at elevated temperatures.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Respiratory Equipment (Specify Type)

For OSHA controlled work place and other regular users. Use only with adequate ventilation under engineered air control systems designed to prevent exceeding appropriate TLV. For occasional use, where engineered air control is not feasible, use properly maintained and properly fitted NIOSH approved respirator for organic solvent vapors. A dust mask does not provide protection against vapors.

Eye Protection

Safety glasses, chemical goggles or face shields are recommended to safeguard against potential eye contact, irritation, or injury. Contact lenses should not be worn while working with chemicals.

Protective Gloves

Wear impermeable gloves. Gloves contaminated with product should be discarded. Promptly remove clothing that becomes soiled with product.

Other Protective Clothing

Various application methods can dictate use of additional protective safety equipment, such as impermeable aprons, etc., to minimize exposure. Before reuse, thoroughly clean any clothing or protective equipment that has been contaminated by prior use. Discard any clothing or other protective equipment that cannot be decontaminated, such as gloves or shoes.

Engineering Controls (Ventilation etc.)

Use only with adequate ventilation to prevent build-up of vapors. Open all windows and doors. Use only with a cross ventilation of moving fresh air across the work area. If strong odor is noticed or you experience slight dizziness, headache, nausea, or eye-watering -- Stop -- ventilation is inadequate. Leave area immediately.

Work/Hygienic/Maintenance Practices

A source of clean water should be available in the work area for flushing eyes and skin.

Do not eat, drink, or smoke in the work area.

Wash hands thoroughly after use.

Page: 4 Printed: 06/07/2010 Revision: 06/04/2010 Supercedes Revision: 11/13/2008

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

9. 1	Trysical all	u Chen	lical rioperlies				
Physical States:	[]Gas []	X] Liquid	[] Solid				
Melting Point:	No data.						
Boiling Point:	> 316.00 F						
Autoignition Pt:	No data.						
Flash Pt:	> 107.00 F	Method Us	ed: TAG Closed Cu	р			
Explosive Limits:	LEL: 1.0	U	EL: No data.				
Specific Gravity (Water = 1):	No data.						
Density:	6.38 LB/GL						
Bulk density:	No data.						
Vapor Pressure (vs. Air or mm Hg):	No data.						
Vapor Density (vs. Air = 1):	No data.						
Evaporation Rate (vs Butyl	No data.						
Acetate=1):							
Solubility in Water:	No data.						
Percent Volatile:	100.0 % by we	eight.					
VOC / Volume:	815.0000 G/L						
Heat Value:	No data.						
Particle Size:	No data.						
Corrosion Rate:	No data.						
pH:	No data.						
Appearance and Odor							
No data available.							
	10. Stabil	ity and	Reactivity				
Stability:	Unstable []	Stable	[X]				
Conditions To Avoid - Instability							
No data available.	-						
Incompatibility - Materials To Avoid							
Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents.							
Hazardous Decomposition Or Bypro	ducts						
Thermal decomposition may pro-	Thermal decomposition may produce carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.						
Hazardous Polymerization:	Will occur [Will n	ot occur [X]				
Conditions To Avoid - Hazardous Polymerization							
No data available.	-						
	11. Toxico	logical l	nformation				
No data available.							
Carcinogenicity/Other Information							
No data available.							
Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	CAS #	NTP	IARC	ACGIH	OSHA		
1. Stoddard solvent {Mineral spirits; Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates; White spirits}	8052-41-3	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.		
	12. Ecolo	gical In	formation				
37 1 . 111							

No data available.

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal Method

Dispose in accordance with applicable local, state, and federal regulations.

14. Transport Information					
LAND TRANSPORT (US DOT)					
DOT Proper Shipping Name	Paint Related Material, Not Regulated				
AIR TRANSPORT (ICAO/IATA)					
ICAO/IATA Proper Shipping	Paint Related Material				
Name					
	Packaging Instructions: See IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations				
UN Number:	1263				
Packing Group:	III				
MARINE TRANSPORT (IMDG/IMO)					
IMDG/IMO Proper Shipping	Paint Related Material				
Name					
	EMS: F-E, S-E				
UN Number:	1263				
Packing Group:	III				
Additional Transport Information					

Additional Transport Information

For D.O.T. information, contact W.M. Barr Technical Services at 1-800-398-3892.

The shipper may apply one of the following exceptions: Combustible Liquid, Consumer Commodity, Limited Quantity, Viscous Liquid, Does Not Sustain Combustion, or others, as allowed under 49CFR Hazmat Regulations. Please consult 49CFR Subchapter C to ensure that subsequent shipments comply with these exceptions.

15. Regulatory Information

US EPA SARA Title III

Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	CAS #	Sec.302 (EHS)	Sec.304 RQ	Sec.313 (TRI)	Sec.110
1. Stoddard solvent {Mineral spirits; Aliphatic	8052-41-3	No	No	No	No
Petroleum Distillates; White spirits}					
US EPA CAA, CWA, TSCA					
Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	CAS #	EPA CAA	EPA CWA NPDES	EPA TSCA	CA PROP 65
1. Stoddard solvent {Mineral spirits; Aliphatic	8052-41-3	HAP, ODC ()	No	Inventory	No
Petroleum Distillates; White spirits}					

EPA Hazard Categories:

This material meets the EPA 'Hazard Categories' defined for SARA Title III Sections 311/312 as indicated:

[X] Yes [] No Acute (immediate) Health Hazard
[X] Yes [] No Chronic (delayed) Health Hazard
[X] Yes [] No Fire Hazard
[] Yes [X] No Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard
[] Yes [X] No Reactive Hazard

16. Other Information

Company Policy or Disclaimer

The information contained herein is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. This information is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determination of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. Any use of this data and information must be determined by the user to be in

Page: 6 Printed: 06/07/2010 Revision: 06/04/2010 Supercedes Revision: 11/13/2008

accordance with applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.