

Material Safety Data Sheet

For Coatings, Resins and Related Materials

•NOTE: CHEMTREC, CANUTEC and National Response Center emergency numbers to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals

•24 Hour Emergency: 1-800-123-4567 CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

•National Response in Canada CANUTEC: 613-996-6666

•Outside U.S. and Canada Chemtrec: 202-483-7616

Section 1 - Chemical Product / Company Information

Product Name:	DEFTHANE SATIN 275 VOC	Revision Date:	09/18/2008
Identification Number:	026	Print Date:	11-17-2008
Product Use/Class:	OIL MODIFIED POLYURETHANE		
Manufacturer:	Deft, Inc. (CAGE CODE 33461) 17451 Von Karman Ave Irvine, Ca. 92614	Information Phone:	(949) 474-0400
		Emergency Phone:	(800) 424-9300

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

*** Emergency Overview ***: Combustible liquid. Amber liquid with solvent odor. Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin, and if swallowed. Contact with eyes or skin causes irritation.

Effects Of Overexposure - Eye Contact: Exposure to liquid, aerosol, or vapors may cause irritation, tearing, redness, and swelling accompanied by a stinging sensation. Direct eye contact may cause irritation. Damage may occur to the cornea or lens of the eye.

Effects Of Overexposure - Skin Contact: Direct skin contact may cause irritation. Symptoms may include swelling, redness, and rash. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis, drying, and defatting due to the solvent properties.

Effects Of Overexposure - Inhalation: Inhalation may cause irritation to the respiratory tract (nose, mouth, mucous membranes) & acute nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, staggering gait, confusion, drowsiness, unconsciousness, coma, or possible death. Inhalation may cause headaches, difficult breathing, and loss of consciousness. Respiratory depression, failure, or death may result from overexposure.

Effects Of Overexposure - Ingestion: Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. May result in possible corrosive action in the mouth, stomach tissue, and digestive tract. Vomiting may cause aspiration of the solvent, resulting in chemical pneumonitis. Ingestion may cause a burning sensation in the mouth and esophagus. If swallowed, a component may cause lung damage. The gastrointestinal tract lining may be damaged through the ingestion of a component.

Effects Of Overexposure - Chronic Hazards: Prolonged contact will cause drying and cracking of the skin, due to defatting action. Skin sensitization, asthma, or other allergic responses may develop. Contains components listed as a Carcinogen: NTP? : No, IARC Monographs? : Yes, OSHA Regulated? : No. Symptoms of overexposure may occur for up to 48 hours after the original exposure occurred. A component(s) has been shown to cause blood abnormalities, lower activity of certain immune system cells, effects the hearing, mild reversible liver effects, central nervous damage, and cataracts in laboratory animals.

Primary Route(s) Of Entry: Skin Contact, Skin Absorption, Inhalation, Ingestion, Eye Contact

Section 3 - Composition / Information On Ingredients

Component	CAS Number	Weight % Reporting Ranges
BENZENE, 1-CHLORO-4 TRIFLUOROMETHYL	98-56-6	10-30
MINERAL SPIRITS	8052-41-3	10-30
VM & P NAPHTHA	64742-89-8	3-7
AROMATIC HYDROCARBON	64742-95-6	1-5
PAINT DRIER	22464-99-9	0.1-1.0

ALL INGREDIENTS ARE ON THE TSCA INVENTORY LIST, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED IN SECTION 8.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

First Aid - Eye Contact: If material gets into eyes, flush with water immediately for 15 minutes. Hold eyelids open to rinse out the entire eye. Consult a physician. If eyes are irritated from airborne exposure, move to fresh air.

First Aid - Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water and wash affected areas thoroughly with soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly before reuse or discard.

First Aid - Inhalation: Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapors. Restore breathing. Asthmatic type symptoms may develop and maybe immediate or delayed by several hours. In the case of inhalation of aerosol/mist, consult a physician, if necessary.

First Aid - Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Do not give anything to an unconscious person. Obtain medical help.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Point (°F): 105 TCC LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (%): UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (%): 10.

0.9

Extinguishing Media: Alcohol Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam, Water Fog, Water Spray
 Unusual Fire And Explosion Hazards: Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, sparks, electrical equipment and open flame. Fire or intense heat may cause violent rupture of packages. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. Toxic gases may form when product burns. Remove all sources of ignition. Vapors and fumes may form ignitable/explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may flow along surfaces to a distant ignition source and flashback.
 Special Firefighting Procedures: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Firefighters should wear full protective clothing. Cool fire-exposed containers using water spray.

Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

Steps To Be Taken If Material Is Released Or Spilled: Evacuate all non-essential personnel. Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate area. Contain and remove spilled material with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Use personal protective equipment as necessary. Dike to prevent entering any sewer or waterway.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling: Prevent prolonged breathing of vapors or spray mist. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not take internally. Do not handle until the manufacturers safety precautions have been read and understood. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Use only in ventilated areas. Open doors and windows. Always use grounding leads when transferring from one container to another. Do not drill, solder, pressurize, grind, cut, weld, or braze empty container. Do not expose empty container to static electricity, heat, flame, sparks, or any source of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat, open flames, hot surfaces, and sources of ignition. Protect container against physical damage.

Storage: Store in buildings designed to comply with OSHA 1910.106. Avoid storing near high temperatures, fire, open flames, and spark sources. Keep containers upright to prevent leakage and tightly closed in a dry, cool, and well-ventilated place. Do not store with oxidizers.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Component	ACGIH TLV	ACGIH STEL	OSHA PEL	OSHA STEL
BENZENE, 1-CHLORO-4 TRIFLUOROMETHYL	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
MINERAL SPIRITS	100 ppm	N.E.	500 ppm	N.E.
VM & P NAPHTHA	300 ppm	N.E.	300 ppm	400 ppm
AROMATIC HYDROCARBON	100 ppm	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
PAINT DRIER	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.

Notes

BENZENE, 1-CHLORO-4 TRIFLUOROMETHYL CAS# 98-56-6 prolonged or repeated exposure to large amount through breathing or swallowing has been shown cause damage to the liver and kidneys in animal studies.

PAINT DRIER CAS# 22464-99-9 - OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1000, Table Z-1 lists Zirconium Compounds (as Zr). ACGIH TWA/TLV 5 mg/m³; TLV/STEL 10 mg/m³

Engineering Controls: Local ventilation of emission sources may be necessary to maintain ambient concentrations below permissible OSHA exposure limits. Remove all ignition sources (heat, sparks, flame, and hot surfaces).

Respiratory Protection: A respirator that is recommended or approved for use in an organic vapor environment (air purifying or fresh air supplied) is necessary. Observe OSHA regulations for respirator use. Ventilation should be provided to keep exposure levels below the OSHA permissible limits. A respirator that is recommended or approved for use in an organic vapor environment (air purifying or fresh air supplied or NIOSH certified respirator for organic vapors, mists or fumes) is necessary. Ventilation should be provided to keep exposure levels below OSHA permissible limits. If TLV limits can be maintained and documented below the OSHA/ACGIH limits, an air supplied respirator may not be required.

However, other OSHA/NIOSH approved respirators may be used.

Skin Protection: Chemical-resistant gloves (cotton, neoprene, rubber, polyethylene) should be used to prevent skin contact.

Eye Protection: Wear safety eyewear (safety glasses, safety glasses with side-shields, chemical goggles, or face shields) to prevent eye contact.

Other protective equipment: Long sleeve and long leg clothing is recommended. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse or discard. Safety shower and eyewash station should be located in immediate work area.

Hygienic Practices: Wash hands before breaks, eating, smoking, using washroom, and at the end of the workday.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Boiling Range (°F):	N.D. - N.D.	Vapor Density:	Heavier Than Air
Odor:	Solvent Odor	Odor Threshold:	N.D.
Appearance:	Amber Liquid	Evaporation Rate:	0.15 X Butyl Acetate
Solubility in H ₂ O:	Insoluble		
Freeze Point:	N.D.	Specific Gravity:	1.033
Vapor Pressure:	N.D.	PH:	N.A.
Physical State:	Liquid	Viscosity:	Thin Liquid To Heavy Viscous Material

(See section 16 for abbreviation legend)

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Conditions To Avoid: Avoid high temperatures, sparks, or open flames. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.

Incompatibility: Keep away from strong oxidizing agents, heat, and open flames. Material is incompatible with strong acids.

Hazardous Decomposition: Thermal decomposition can lead to the generation and release of gases and vapors including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen, and hydrocarbons. May produce gases containing fluorine or chlorine.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Product LD50: N.E.

Product LC50: N.E.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecological Information: No Information.

Section 13 - Disposal Information

Disposal Information: Dispose of waste in accordance with federal, state, and local environmental regulations. Empty containers will contain product residue and flammable vapors. Handle as hazardous material. Do not incinerate closed containers. EPA Hazardous Waste Number/Code: D001, F003, F005. Hazardous Waste Characteristics: Ignitability and Reactivity.

Section 14 - Transportation Information

DOT Proper Shipping Name:	Consumer Commodity	Packing Group:	N.A.
DOT Technical Name:	N.A.	Hazard Subclass:	N.A.
DOT Hazard Class:	ORM-D	Resp. Guide Page:	N.A.
DOT UN/NA Number:	N.A.	IATA:	YES

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

CERCLA – SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories: IMMEDIATE HEALTH HAZARD, CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARD, FIRE HAZARD

SARA Section 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

<u>Component</u>	<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>Percent By Weight</u>
PAINT DRIER	22464-99-9	0.21

Toxic Substances Control Act:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

<u>Component</u>	<u>CAS Number</u>
p-XYLENE OR PARA-XYLENE	106-42-3

U.S. State Regulations: As follows –

New Jersey Right-to-Know:

The following materials are non-hazardous, but are among the top five components in this product.

<u>Component</u>	<u>CAS Number</u>
URALKYD	PROPRIETARY
ALKYD RESIN	TRADE SECRET
POLYURETHANE MODIFIED OIL	PROPRIETARY

Pennsylvania Right-to-Know:

The following non-hazardous ingredients are present in the product at greater than 3%.

<u>Component</u>	<u>CAS Number</u>
URALKYD	PROPRIETARY
ALKYD RESIN	TRADE SECRET
POLYURETHANE MODIFIED OIL	PROPRIETARY
AMORPHOUS SILICA	7631-86-9

California Proposition 65:

Warning: The following ingredients present in the product are known to the state of California to cause Cancer:

<u>Component</u>	<u>CAS Number</u>
ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
BENZENE	71-43-2
SILICA, CRYSTALLINE (QUARTZ)	14808-60-7
NAPHTHALENE	91-20-3
BENZENE	71-43-2

Warning: The following ingredients present in the product are known to the state of California to cause birth defects, or other reproductive hazards.

<u>Component</u>	<u>CAS Number</u>
BENZENE	71-43-2
TOLUENE	108-88-3

BENZENE

71-43-2

International Regulations: As follows –

CANADIAN WHMIS: This MSDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product Regulations except for the use of the 16 headings.

CANADIAN WHMIS CLASS: N.A.

Section 16 - Other Information**HMIS Ratings:**

Health: 3

Flammability: 2

Reactivity: 1

Personal Protection: G

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, GR/LTR: 273.1

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, LB/GAL: 2.28

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS MIXED, GR/LTR: <= N.D.

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS MIXED, LB/GAL: <= N.D.

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, LB/LB-SOLID: <= 0.395

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS OF MATERIAL (SCAQMD RULE 443.1), GR/LTR: 224.0

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS OF MATERIAL (SCAQMD RULE 443.1), LB/GAL: 1.87

REASON FOR REVISION: New Computer System

REGULATORY CODE: 026

LAYOUT CODE: A2004R

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

The information contained on this MSDS has been checked and should be accurate. However, it is the responsibility of the user to comply with all Federal, State, and Local laws and regulations.