MARINE GOOP UV (FLAM-TOL)

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PRODUCT NAME: MARINE GOOP UV (FLAM-TOL)

FOUCT CODE: 371000F-MAR-UV

HMIS CODES: H F R P

48919

MANUFACTURER'S NAME: ECLECTIC PRODUCTS, INC.

: 995 SOUTH A STREET ADDRESS

SPRINGFIELD, OR 97477

Dept.

======= SECTION 2 - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS/SARA III INFORMATION =========

VAPOR PRESSURE WEIGHT mm Hg @ TEMP PERCENT CAS NUMBER REPORTABLE COMPONENTS 108-88-3 22 68 DEG F 37 *# TOLUENE

OSHA PEL: TWA=100ppm, 375 mg/m3

ACGIH TLV: TWA=50ppm skin (188 mg/m3)

OSHA PEL: STEL=150ppm

ACGIH PEL: STEL=150ppm (skin)

64742-89-8 15 100 F SOLVENT NAPHTHA

OSHA PEL: TWA=500 ppm (2000 mg/m3)

OTHER: 150 STEL

* Indicates toxic chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III and of 40 CFR 372. # Proposition 65 Statement: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

DOT Classification: Adhesives, 3, UN 1133, PGII ERG #128 Limited Quantities (0.3 gallon or less): Consumer Commodity ORM-D

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H2O=1): BOILING RANGE: >216 DEG F

VAPOR DENSITY: Heavier than air.

EVAPORATION RATE: Slower than ether.

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H2O=1): 0.88

MATERIAL VOC: 4.06 lb/gl

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Negligible APPEARANCE AND ODOR: Viscous liquid with slightly sweet hydrocarbon odor.

VOC calculations are based on the federal EPA definition of volatile organic compound under the Clean Air Act. State and local air quality authorities may have more stringent regulation.

METHOD USED: Calculated FLASH POINT: 45 DEG F FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR BY VOLUME- LOWER: 1.4

EnrINGUISHING MEDIA: Foam, CO2, Dry Chemical

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES

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Wear self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in pressure demand or other tive pressure mode when fighting fires. Use full bunker gear. Cool fire exposed containers with water spray or fog.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or may be moved by ventilation to ignition sources distant from material handling point.

STABILITY: Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Avoid heat, sparks, flame and other ignition sources.

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID)

Strong oxidizing agents, strong alkalies, strong mineral acids.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BYPRODUCTS

May form carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, and various hydrocarbons upon combustion.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

IMALATION HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

E. ssive inhalation of vapors can cause CNS effects, nasal and respiratory irritation, headaches, dizziness, nausea and anesthetic or narcotic effects.

SKIN AND EYE CONTACT HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

SKIN: Prolonged or repeated skin contact can cause moderate irritation, defatting, and dermatitis. EYES: Can cause severe irritation, redness, tearing, blurred vision.

SKIN ABSORPTION HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

None known.

INGESTION HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

Swallowing may cause effects such as gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. This material can enter the lungs during swallowing or vomiting and cause lung inflammation and/or damage.

HEALTH HAZARDS (ACUTE AND CHRONIC)

Irritation as noted above. Early to moderate CNS depression may be evidenced by giddiness, dizziness and nausea; in extreme cases, unconsciousness and death. Chronic overexposure may cause kidney, liver or lung damage. Reports have associated repeated or prolonged exposure to solvents with permanent brain or nervous system damage. Toluene may be harmful to the human fetus based on positive test results with laboratory animals. Case studies reveal that prolonged intentional abuse of toluene during pregnancy may cause birth defects in humans.

IARC MONOGRAPHS: No OSHA REGULATED: No CARCINOGENICITY: NTP CARCINOGEN: No

I ICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

Pre-existing eye, skin, or chronic respiratory disorders (i.e. asthma, chronic bronchitis, emphysema, etc.).

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EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

E : Flush with clean water at least 15 minutes, lifting eye lids to assure thorough irrigation. Seek medical care. SKIN: Wipe from skin and wash area with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting, keep person warm and quiet. Get medical attention. Aspiration of material into lungs due to vomiting can cause chemical pneumonitis. INHALATION: If affected, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped give artificial respiration. Keep person warm, quiet, and get medical attention.

======== SECTION 7 - PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE =============

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Wear protective equipment. Extinguish ignition sources. Stop spill at source. Collect spilled product into clean containers for recovery. Absorb unrecoverable product and place into DOT approved waste containers for disposal. Prevent runoff to sewers, streams or other bodies of water.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Dispose of contaminated product and materials used in cleaning up spills or leaks in a manner approved for this material. Consult appropriate federal, state, and local regulatory agencies to ascertain proper disposal procedures. Comply with all applicable governmental regulations on spill reporting, and handling and disposal of waste.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

Keep containers closed. Store in cool place well removed from strong oxidants, sources of intion and building exits. Containers should be grounded and/or bonded when material is t. .sferred.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied. Since emptied containers contain product residues (vapor, liquid) all hazard precautions given in the data sheet must be observed. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not take internally.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If use conditions generate vapors or mists or the permissible exposure limit for any component is exceeded, wear a NIOSH approved air purifying organic cartridge respirator or supplied-air respirator. Engineering controls should be implemented to reduce exposure.

VENTILATION

Provide sufficient mechanical (general and/or local exhaust) ventilation to maintain exposure limits below permissible levels. Open windows and doors to allow fresh air entry during application and drying.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Wear resistant gloves such as nitrile rubber.

EYE PROTECTION

Safety glasses or splash goggles are recommended.

OLHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING OR EQUIPMENT

Coveralls and/or other impervious clothing as needed to protect regular clothing and skin.

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WORK/HYGIENIC PRACTICES

thoroughly after handling, and before eating, drinking, or smoking.

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