MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

DATE OF PREPARATION 08 00Dec 1, 2012

SECTION 1 — PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NUMBER

4290

PRODUCT NAME

KRYLON® Camouflage Paint, Black

MANUFACTURER'S NAME

Krylon Products Group Cleveland, OH 44115

Telephone Numbers and Websites

relephone numbers and websites		
Product Information	Product Information (800) 247-3268	
	www.krylon.com	
Regulatory Information	(216) 566-2902	
Medical Emergency	(216) 566-2917	
Transportation Emergency*	(800) 424-9300	
*for Chemical Emergency ONLY (spill, leak, fire, exposure, or		
	accident)	

SECTION 2 — COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

% by Weight	CAS Number	Ingredient	Units	Vapor Pressure
17	74-98-6	Propane		
		ACGIH TLV	2500 PPM	760 mm
		OSHA PEL	1000 PPM	
8	106-97-8	Butane		
		ACGIH TLV	800 PPM	760 mm
		OSHA PEL	800 PPM	
5	64742-89-8	V. M. & P. Naphtha		
		ACGIH TLV	300 PPM	12 mm
		OSHA PEL	300 PPM	
		OSHA PEL	400 PPM STEL	
9	108-88-3	Toluene	00 0014	00
		ACGIH TLV	20 PPM	22 mm
		OSHA PEL OSHA PEL	100 ppm (Skin)	
	400.44.4		150 ppm (Skin) STEL	
0.6	100-41-4	Ethylbenzene ACGIH TLV	20 PPM	7.1 mm
		OSHA PEL	100 PPM	7.1 111111
		OSHA PEL	125 PPM STEL	
3	1330-20-7		123 TTWOTEE	
3	1330-20-7	ACGIH TLV	100 PPM	5.9 mm
		ACGIH TLV	150 PPM STEL	0.0 111111
		OSHA PEL	100 PPM	
		OSHA PEL	150 PPM STEL	
39	67-64-1	Acetone		
		ACGIH TLV	500 PPM	180 mm
		ACGIH TLV	750 PPM STEL	
		OSHA PEL	1000 PPM	
2	108-10-1	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone		
		ACGIH TLV	50 PPM	16 mm
		ACGIH TLV	75 PPM STEL	
		OSHA PEL	50 PPM	
		OSHA PEL	75 PPM STEL	
3	112926-00-8	Amorphous Precipitate		
		ACGIH TLV	10 mg/m3 as Dust	
		OSHA PEL	6 mg/m3 as Dust	
0.5	1333-86-4	Carbon Black		
		ACGIH TLV	3.5 MG/M3	
		OSHA PEL	3.5 MG/M3	

SECTION 3 — HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

INHALATION of vapor or spray mist.

EYE or SKIN contact with the product, vapor or spray mist.

Health 2*
Flammability 3
Reactivity 0

HMIS Codes

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

EYES: Irritation.

SKIN: Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause irritation.

INHALATION: Irritation of the upper respiratory system.

May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

Prolonged overexposure to hazardous ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse chronic effects to the following organs or systems:

- the liver
- the urinary system
- the cardiovascular system
- the reproductive system

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists.

Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For complete discussion of toxicology data refer to Section 11.

SECTION 4 — FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

SKIN: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water.

Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.

INHALATION: If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm and quiet.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

SECTION 5 — FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT LEL UEL EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Propellant < 0 °F 0.9 12.8 Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat.

Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions.

During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used.

Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

SECTION 6 — ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area.

Remove with inert absorbent.

SECTION 7 — HANDLING AND STORAGE

STORAGE CATEGORY

Not Available

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite explosively.

During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke - Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters - Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of ignition.

Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures.

Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate, or expose to temperature above 120F. Heat from sunlight, radiators, stoves, hot water, and other heat sources could cause container to burst. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

SECTION 8 — EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist.

Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 (total dust), 3 mg/m3 (respirable fraction). OSHA PEL 15 mg/m3 (total dust), 5 mg/m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD (in US) or contact your local health authority.

VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

None required for normal application of aerosol products where minimal skin contact is expected. For long or repeated contact, wear chemical resistant gloves.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

SECTION 9 — PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PRODUCT WEIGHT 6.18 lb/gal 740 g/l

SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.74

BOILING POINT <0 - 325 °F <-18 - 162 °C

MELTING POINT Not Available

VOLATILE VOLUME 90%

EVAPORATION RATE Faster than

ether

VAPOR DENSITY Heavier than air **SOLUBILITY IN WATER** Not Available

pH 7.0

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical - As Packaged)

Volatile Weight 46.28% Less Water and Federally Exempt Solvents

SECTION 10 — STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY — Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID

None known.

INCOMPATIBILITY

None known.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION

Will not occur

SECTION 11 — TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Ethylbenzene is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in laboratory animals. Lifetime inhalation exposure of rats and mice to high ethylbenzene concentrations resulted in increases in certain types of cancer, including kidney tumors in rats and lung and liver tumors in mice. These effects were not observed in animals exposed to lower concentrations. There is no evidence that ethylbenzene causes cancer in humans.

Carbon Black is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (group 2B) based on experimental animal data, however, there is insufficient evidence in humans for its carcinogenicity.

TOXICOLOGY DATA

CAS No.	Ingredient Name				
74-98-6	Propane				
	•	LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
		LD50 RAT		Not Available	
106-97-8	Butane				
		LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
		LD50 RAT		Not Available	
64742-89-8	V. M. & P. Naphtha				
	•	LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
		LD50 RAT		Not Available	
108-88-3	Toluene				
		LC50 RAT	4HR	4000 ppm	
		LD50 RAT		5000 mg/kg	
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene				
	•	LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
		LD50 RAT		3500 mg/kg	
1330-20-7	Xylene				
		LC50 RAT	4HR	5000 ppm	
		LD50 RAT		4300 mg/kg	
67-64-1	Acetone				
		LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
		LD50 RAT		5800 mg/kg	
108-10-1	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone				
		LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
		LD50 RAT		2080 mg/kg	
112926-00-8	Amorphous Precipitated Silica				
		LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
		LD50 RAT		4999. mg/kg	
1333-86-4	Carbon Black				
		LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
		LD50 RAT		Not Available	

SECTION 12 — ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available.

SECTION 13 — DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Do not incinerate. Depressurize container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

SECTION 14 — TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (ocean, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport.

US Ground (DOT)

May be classed as LTD. QTY. OR ORM-D

UN1950, AEROSOLS, 2.1, LIMITED QUANTITY, (ERG#126)

Canada (TDG)

May be classed as LTD. QTY. OR ORM-D

UN1950, AEROSOLS, CLASS 2.1, LIMITED QUANTITY, (ERG#126)

IMO

May be shipped as Limited Quantity

UN1950, AEROSOLS, CLASS 2.1, LIMITED QUANTITY, EmS F-D, S-U, ADR (D)

IATA/ICAO

UN1950, AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE, 2.1, LIMITED QUANTITY

SECTION 15 — REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

CAS No.	CHEMICAL/COMPOUND	% by WT	% Element
108-88-3	Toluene	9	
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	0.5	
1330-20-7	Xylene	3	
108-10-1	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	2	

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. **TSCA CERTIFICATION**

All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

SECTION 16 — OTHER INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.